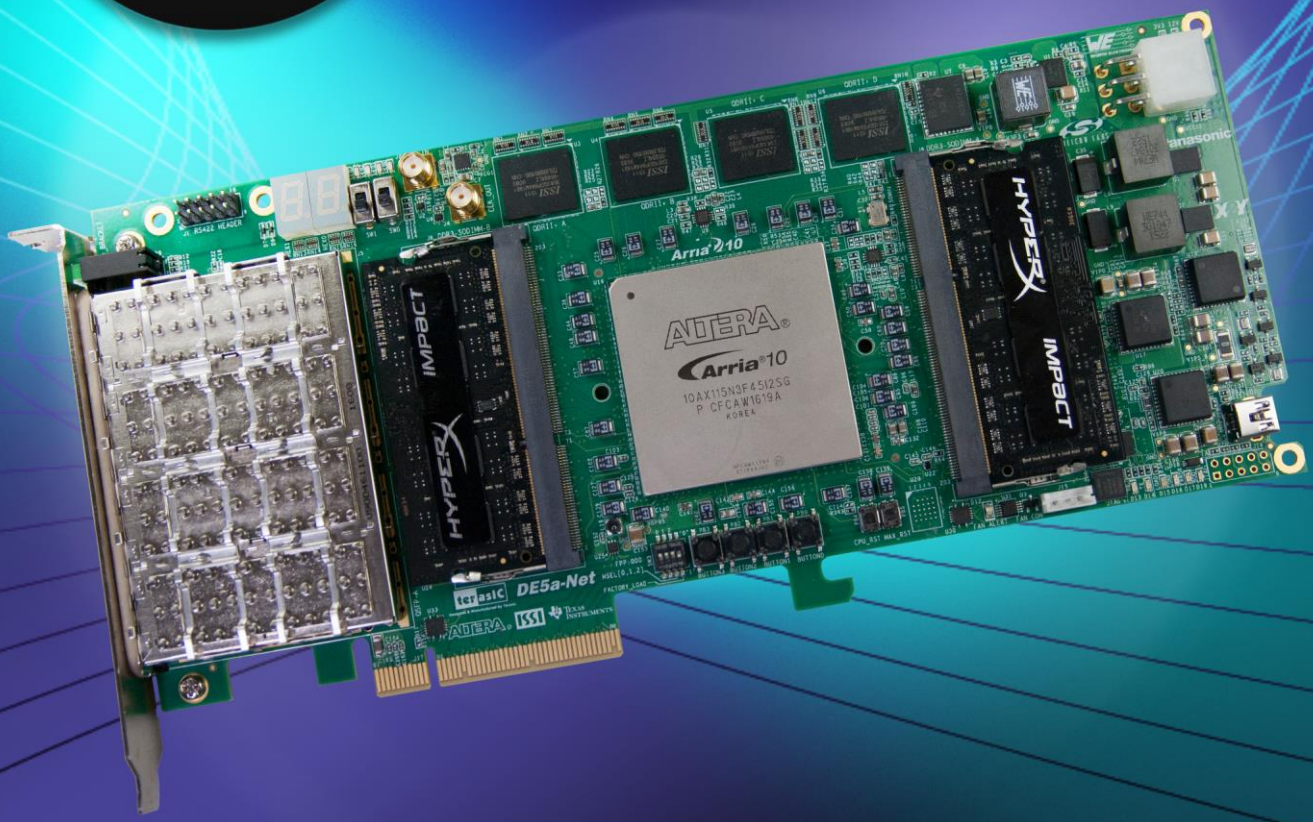
DE5a-Net

OpenCL



Arria 10 GX | Flash | PCI EXPRESS | DDR3 | QDRII+ | QSFP+

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CONTENTS

Chapter 1

DE5a-Net OpenCL

DE5a-Net, an unparalleled and powerful platform for high-speed computation, is now officially also an Intel certified board for Intel's Preferred Board Partner Program for OpenCL. It supports both 64-bit Windows and Linux Operation System. This document will introduce you how to setup OpenCL development environment for DE5a-Net board, and how to compile and execute the example projects for DE5a-Net. Note that OpenCL coding instruction is not introduced in this document, but the user can refer to Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL Programming Guide for more details.

https://www.altera.com/en_US/pdfs/literature/hb/opencl-sdk/aocl_programming_guide.pdf

1.1 System Requirement

The following items are required to set up OpenCL for DE5a-Net board:

- DE5a-Net Board with two 4GB DDR3-SODIMM installed on two SODIMM port.
- A Host PC with
  - USB Host Port
  - One PCI Express x8/x16 slot with 12V power pin
  - 32GB memory is recommended, 24GB is minimal
  - 2x3 pin 12V Power for DE5a-Net (optional)
- An USB Cable (type A to mini-B)
- 64-bit Windows7/10 or Linux (Redhat 6.5/CentOS 7.0) Installed
- Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition 17.1.0.240 Installed, **licensed is required**
- Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL Pro Edition 17.1.0.240 Installed, **license is not required**
- DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP 17.1 Installed
- Visual Studio 2012 C/C++ installed for Windows7/10
- GNU development tools for Linux

Note:

1. Intel FPGA OpenCL only supports 64-bit OS and x86 architecture.
2. We strongly recommend setting the PCIe speed to **Gen3x8** in your PC BIOS for good performance.

1.2 OpenCL Architecture

An OpenCL project is composed of both OpenCL Kernel and Host Program as shown in **Figure 1-1**. OpenCL kernel is compiled with Intel FPGA OpenCL compiler provided by the Altera OpenCL SDK. The Host Program is compiled by Visual Studio C/C++ in Windows or GCC on Linux.

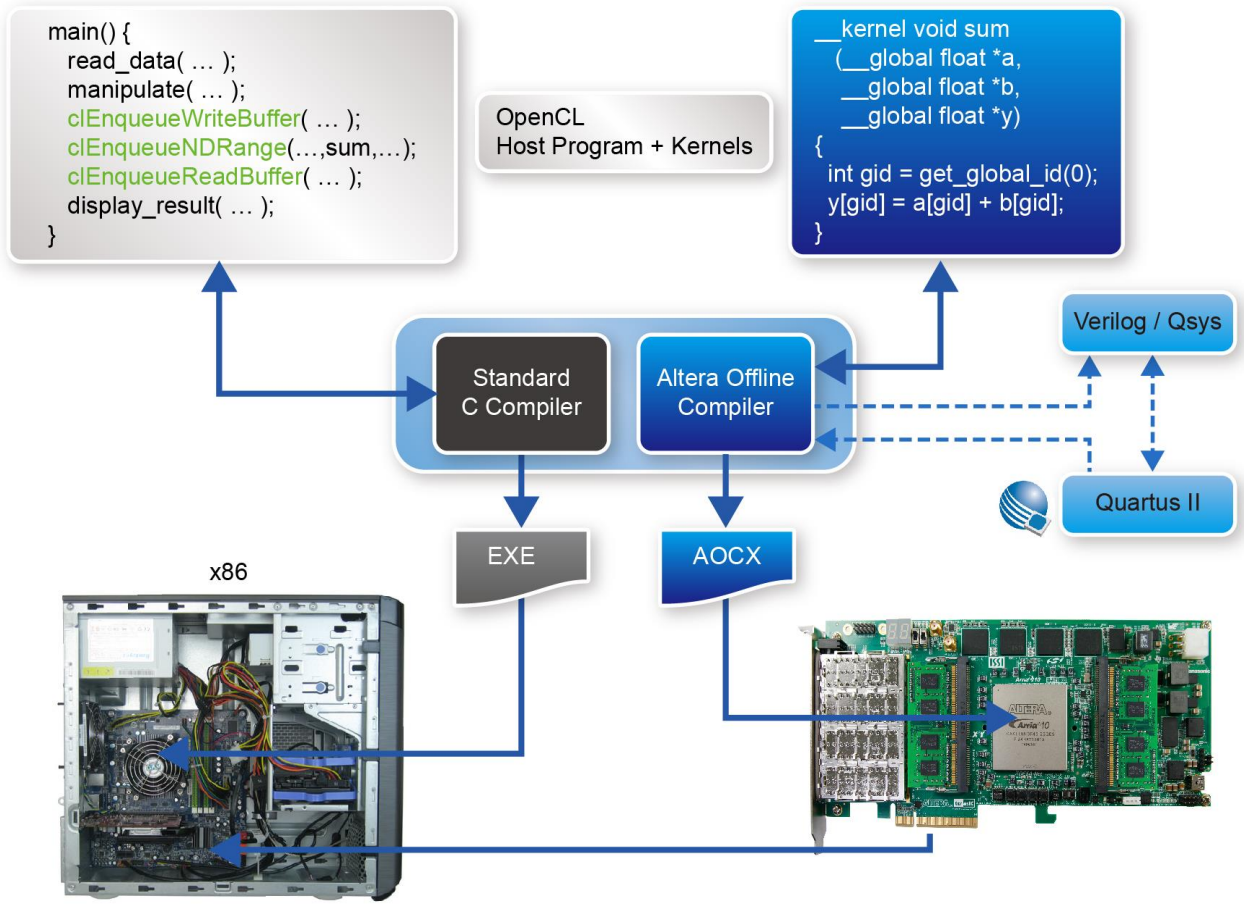


Figure 1-1 Intel FPGA OpenCL Architecture

Chapter 2

OpenCL for Windows

This chapter describes how to set up DE5a-Net OpenCL development environment on 64-bit Windows, and how to compile and test the OpenCL examples for DE5a-Net. For more details about Intel FPGA OpenCL started guide, please refer to:

https://www.altera.com/en_US/pdfs/literature/hb/opencl-sdk/aocl_getting_started.pdf

2.1 Software Installation

This section describes where to get the required software for OpenCL.

■ Quartus II and OpenCL SDK

Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition 17.1.0.240 and Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL Pro Edition 17.1.0.240 can be download from the web site:

http://dl.altera.com/opencl/17.1/?edition=pro

For Quartus II installation, please make sure that the Arria 10 device is included.

Open the link and select the **Windows SDK** table as **Figure 2-1** shows.

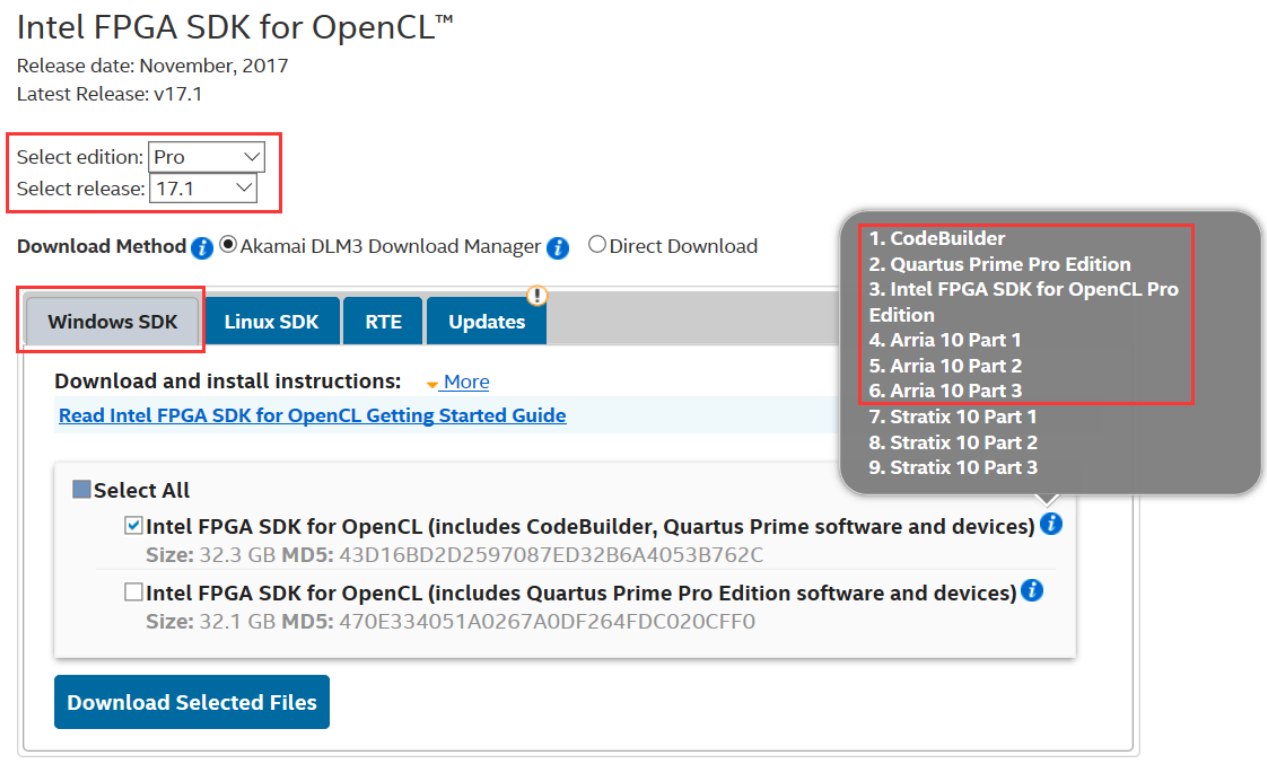


Figure 2-1 OpenCL Windows SDK Files

■ Visual Studio 2012

If developers don't have Visual Studio C/C++ 2012, they can use the trial version of Visual Studio 2012 Express. The software can be downloaded from the web site:

https://www.visualstudio.com/vs/older-downloads/

■ DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP (Board Support Package)

After Quartus II and OpenCL SDK are installed, download the DE5ANET_E1_OpenCL_BSP _17.1.zip DE5a-Net windows BSP from the web site:

http://de5a-net.terasic.com/cd

Then, decompress DE5ANET_E1_OpenCL_BSP_17.1.zip to the "**de5a_net_e1**" folder under the folder "C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board", as shown in **Figure 2-2**, where assumed Quartus II is installed on the folder "C:\ intelFPGA_pro\17.1".

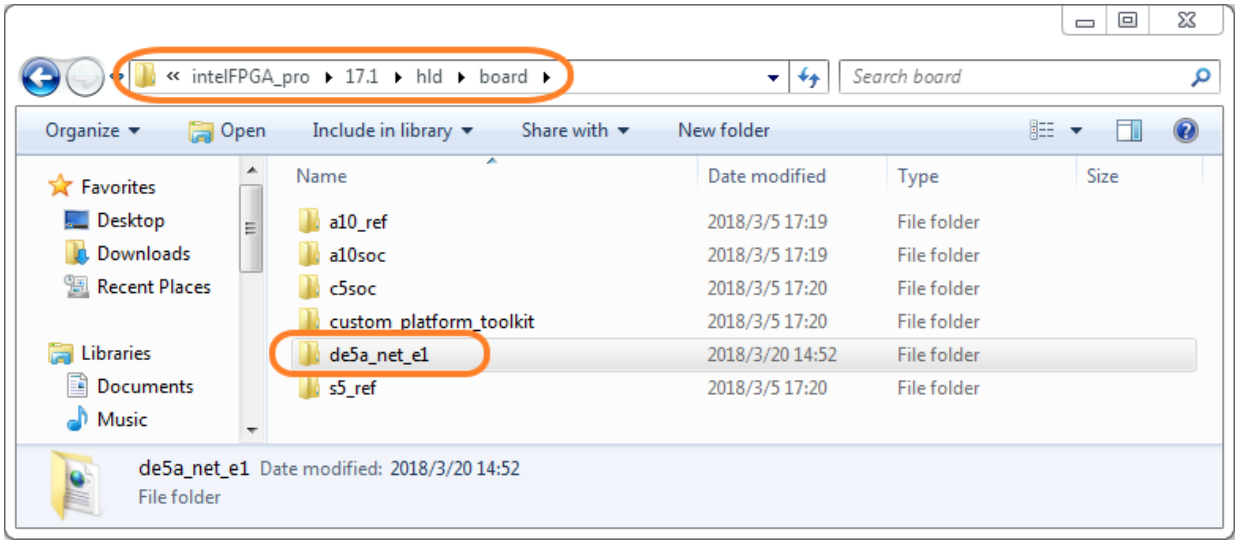


Figure 2-2 DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP Content

For more details about DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP, please refer to the **Table 1**.

Table 1 Windows BSP File

File or Folder	Description
board_env.xml	eXtensible Markup Language (XML) file that describes the Reference Platform to the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL.
hardware	Contains the Intel Quartus Prime project templates for the a10gx board variant.
windows64	Contains the MMD library, kernel mode driver, and executable files of the SDK utilities (that is, install, uninstall, flash, program, diagnose) for your 64-bit operating system
tests	Contains some OpenCL Design Examples. The following examples demonstrate how to describe various applications in OpenCL along with their respective host applications, which you can compile and execute on a host with an FPGA board that supports the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL.

2.2 Environment Configure

Developers need to create and edit some environment variable that Intel FPGA OpenCL SDK can find the kit location of DE5a-Net correctly

Now, here are the procedures to create the required environment variable on Windows 7:

1. Open the **Start** menu and right click on **Computer**. Select **Properties**.
2. Select **Advanced system settings.**
3. In the **Advanced** tab, select **Environment Variables.**
4. Select **New**.
5. In the popup dialog, edit **New User Variable**, type the name in the **Variable name** edit box and type the value in the **Variable value** edit box.

First, edit the environment variable name **ALTERAOCLSDKROOT** to **INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT**, as shown in **Figure 2-3**.

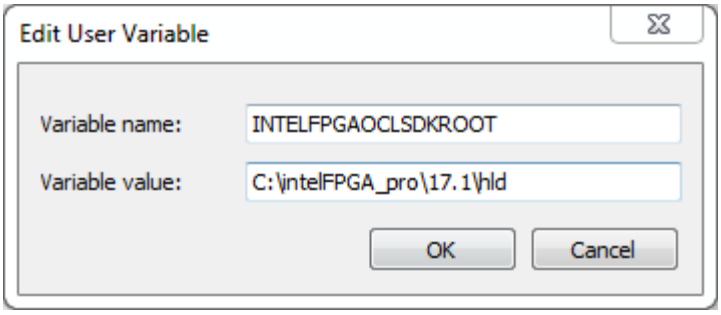


Figure 2-3 Edit INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT Environment Variable

Then, create an environment variable **AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT**, and set its value as:

"%INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT%\board\ de5a_net_e1"

as shown in **Figure 2-4**.

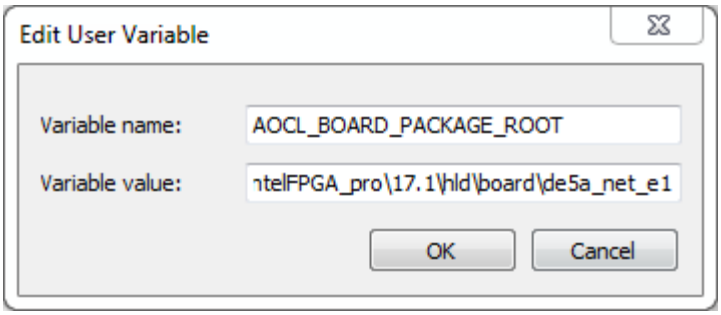


Figure 2-4 Setup AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT Environment Variable

Also, append

"%QUARTUS_ROOTDIR%\bin64 " and

"**%QUARTUS_ROOTDIR%\qsys\bin**" and
"%**INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT%\bin**" and
"**%INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT%\windows64\bin**" and
"**%AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT%\windows64\bin**"
into the **PATH** environment variable as shown in **Figure 2-5** and **Figure 2-6**, so the OpenCL SDK can find the binary file provided by OpenCL BSP.

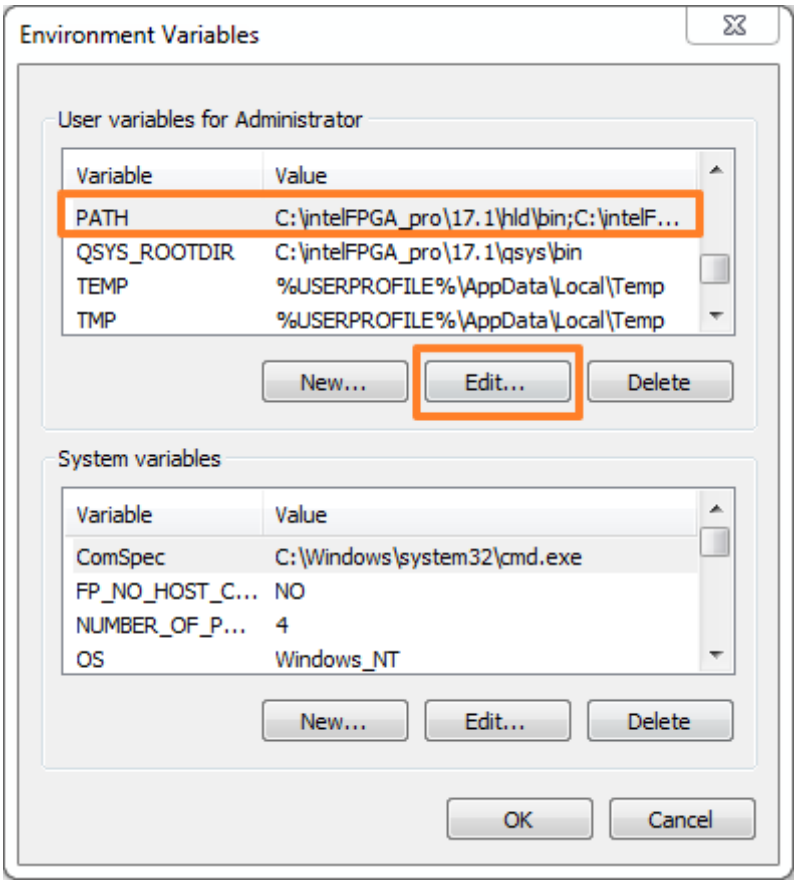


Figure 2-5 Select "Path" and click "Edit" bottom

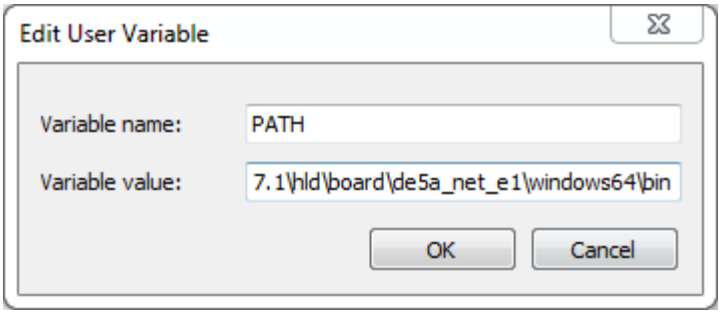


Figure 2-6 Edit PATH environment variable

2.3 OpenCL Environment Verify

This section will show how to make sure the OpenCL environment is setup correctly. Firstly, please open **Command Prompt** windows by click Windows **Start** button, clicking **All Programs**, clicking **Accessories**, and then click **Command Prompt**.

Note: In Windows 10 OS, please open Command Prompt windows by click Windows Start button, clicking All Programs, clicking Windows System, and then click Command Prompt.

■ Target AOCL

In **Command Prompt** window, type "**where aoc**" command, and make sure the path of the "**aoc.exe**" is listed as shown in Figure 2-7.

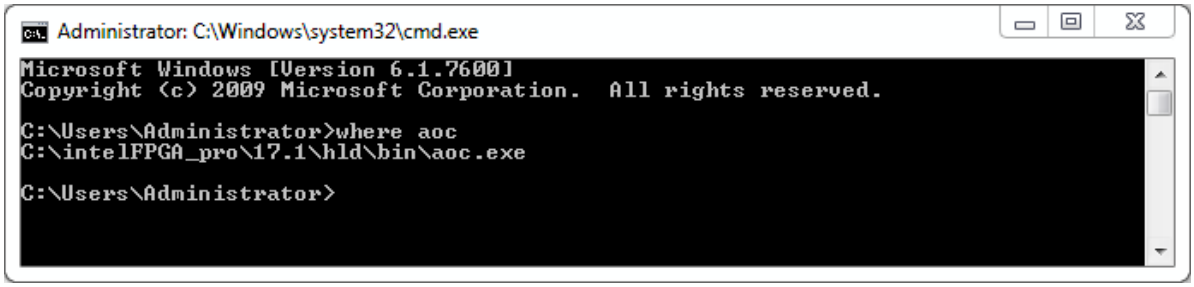


Figure 2-7 where aoc

■ Target SDK Version

In **Command Prompt** window, type "**aocl version**" command, and make sure the version of the OpenCL SDK is listed as shown in Figure 2-8.

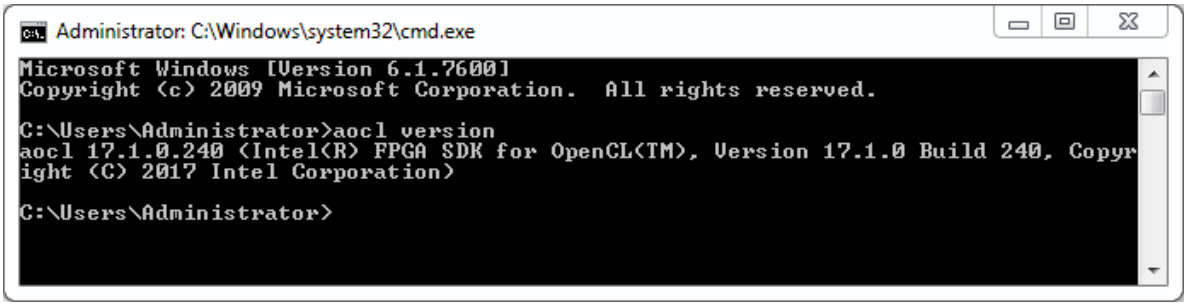


Figure 2-8 Version of OpenCL SDK

■ Target Board

In **Command Prompt** window, type "**aoc -list-boards**" command, and make sure "**de5a_net_e1**"

is listed in **Board list** as shown in **Figure 2-9**.

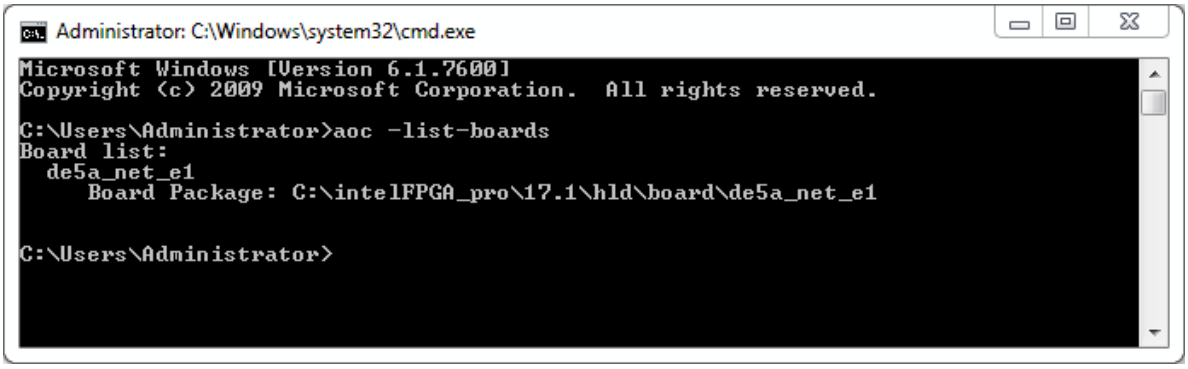


Figure 2-9 'de5a_net_e1' is listed in Board list

For more information about the **aoc** and **aocl**, refer to the '**aoc -h**' and '**aocl help**' command.

2.4 Initializing the FPGA for using with OpenCL

■ Board Setup

To use the DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit with the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL, you must follow the below procedures to set up DE5a-Net board on your PC as shown in **Figure 2-10.**

1. Make sure your PC is powered off.
2. Insert DE5a-Net board into PCI Express x8 or x16 slot.
3. Connect PC's 12V PCI Express 6-pin power source to the DE5a-Net (if there's not, ignore this step).
4. Connect PC's USB port to DE5a-Net mini USB port using an USB cable.

Note, the USB cable can be removed later if OpenCL code had been programmed to the startup configuration flash of DE5a-Net by '**aocl flash**' command.

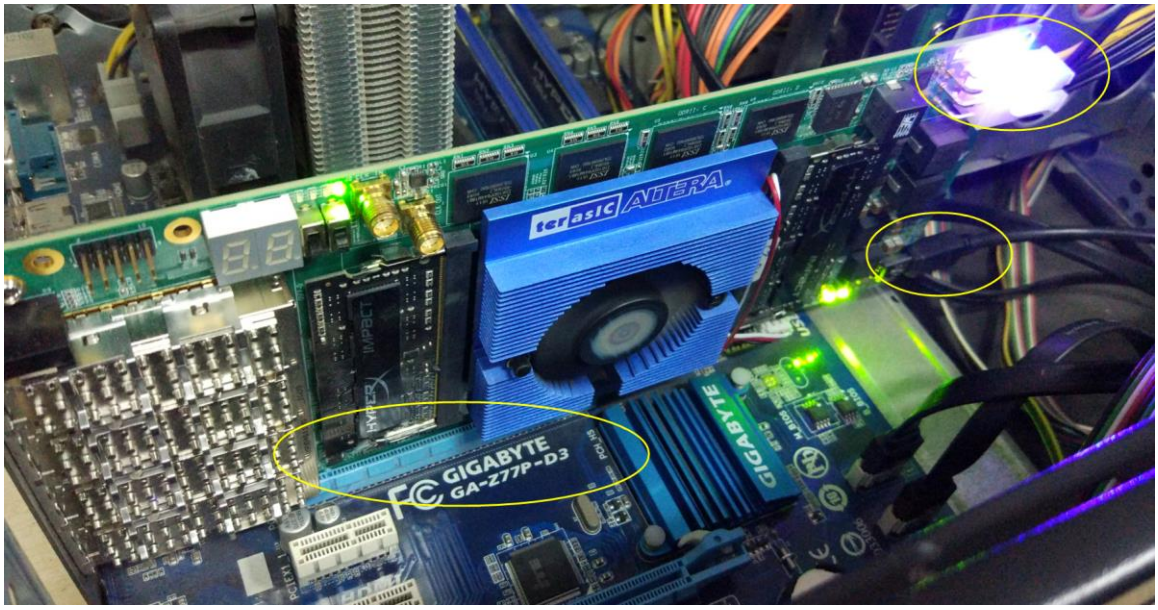


Figure 2-10 Setup DE5a-Net board on PC

■ Bring up the FPGA Board

Before you can use the DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit with OpenCL, you must initialize the board with an OpenCL image. Without this image, the board host operating system does not recognize the PCIe card and the Intel FPGA OpenCL compiler cannot find the device.
Program the FPGA on your DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit with the **top.sof** file by

running the **test.bat** file in **bringup** folder as shown in Figure 2-11.

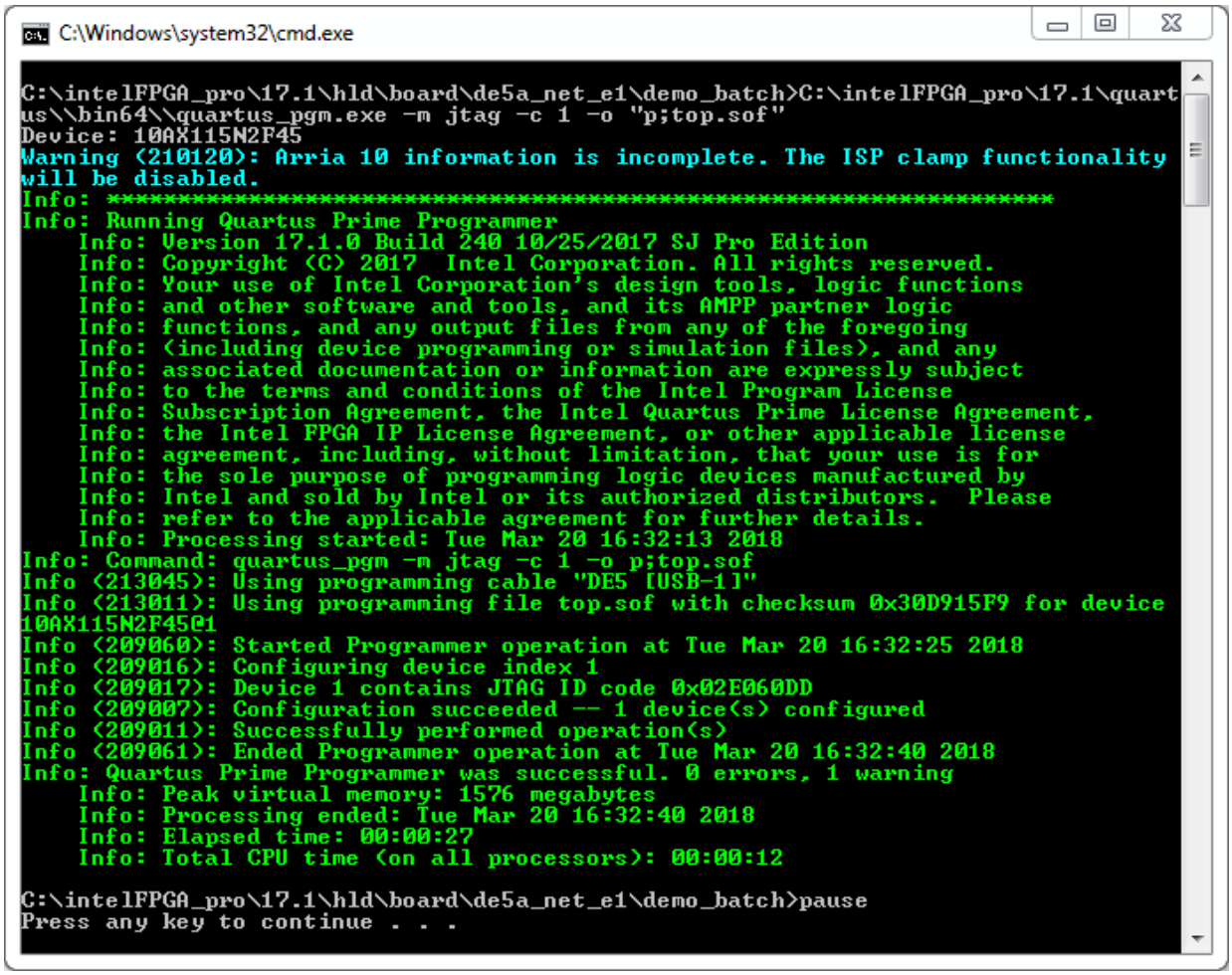


Figure 2-11 Bring up the FPGA board

Perform a soft reboot (sometimes called a warm reboot) of your host system causes your host system to recognize the DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit PCIe card.

■ Driver Installation

Your system must recognize the card so that the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL driver can be loaded. The **install** utility is used install the kernel driver on the host computer. Users of the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL only need to install the driver once, after that the driver should be automatically loaded each time the machine reboots.

In **Command Prompt** window, type '**aocl install**' to install the driver as shown in Figure 2-12. Note that users need to have administrator privileges to install the driver.

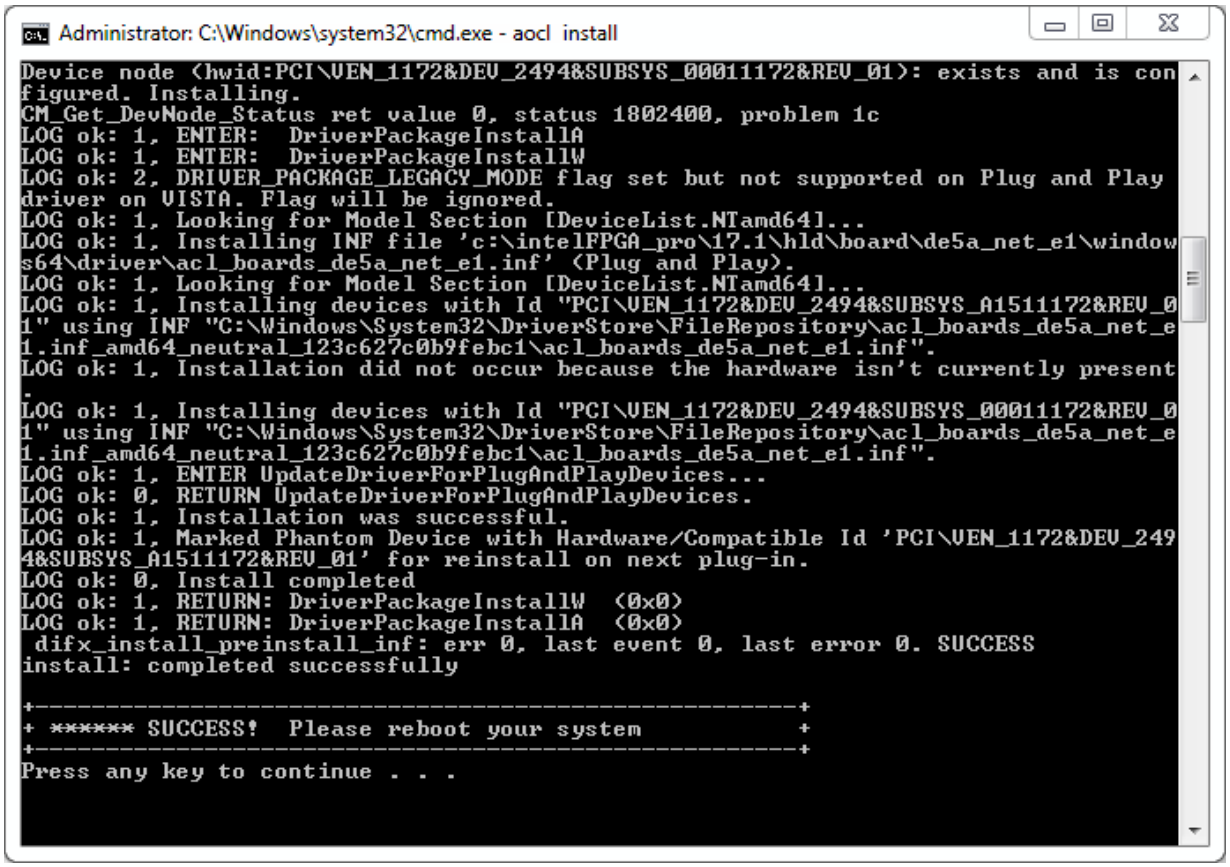


Figure 2-12 driver installation

For windows7 x64, If it pops dialog"**Windows Security**"during the installation process，please choose "**Install this driver software anyway**" as shown in **Figure 2-13** and go on.

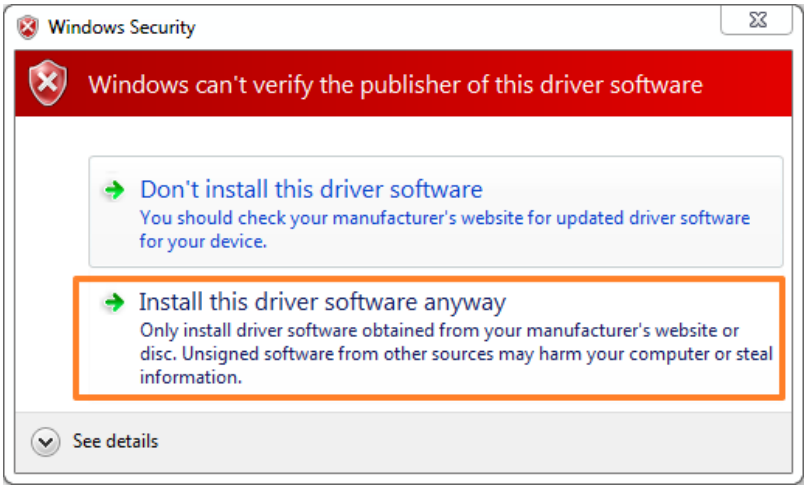


Figure 2-13 windows security

When the installation is successful, **Jungo WinDriver** and FPGA **Accelerator** board can be found in the PC Device Manage as shown in **Figure 2-14**.

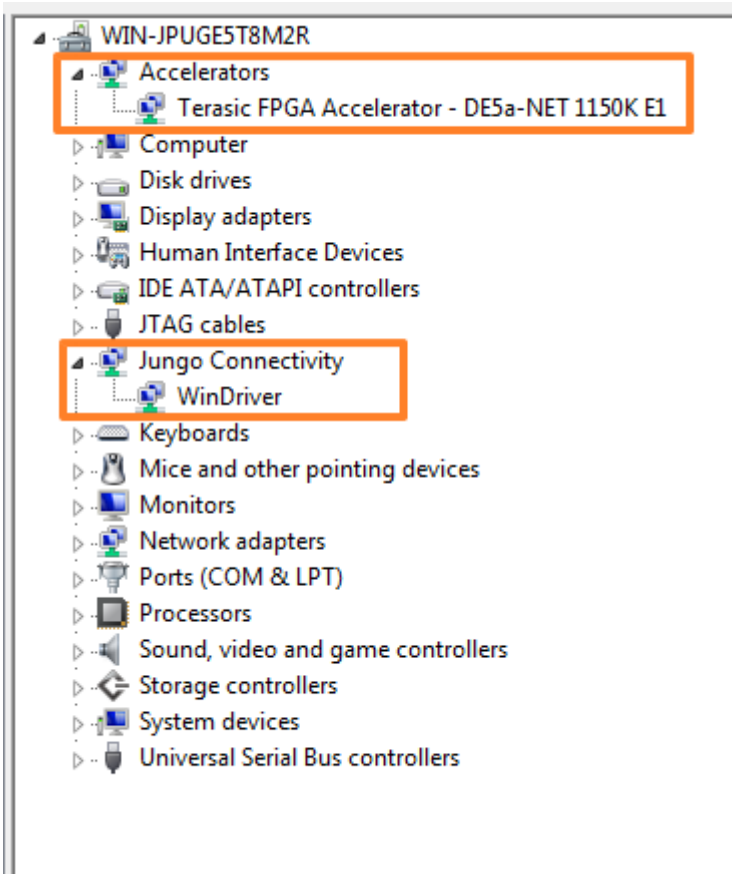


Figure 2-14 Driver Installation Success

For **windows10** x64, please refer to the of Chapter 4 **Appendix**.

■ 'aocl flash' program

The **flash** utility configures the power-on image for the FPGA using the specified **aocx** file. Calling into the MMD library implements the flash utility.

In **Command Prompt** window, type *"cd C:\intelFPGA\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\hello_world\bin"* to go to hello world OpenCL project folder.

Then type "**aocl flash acl0 hello_world.aocx**" to write **hello_world.aocx** OpenCL image onto the startup configuration flash of DE5a-Net.

Before flash programming, the programmer will ask users which startup configuration image area will be used as shown in **Figure 2-15**. This is because DE5a-Net provides two startup configuration image areas, called as Factory Image and User Image. We recommend users to key in '1' to select User Image area.

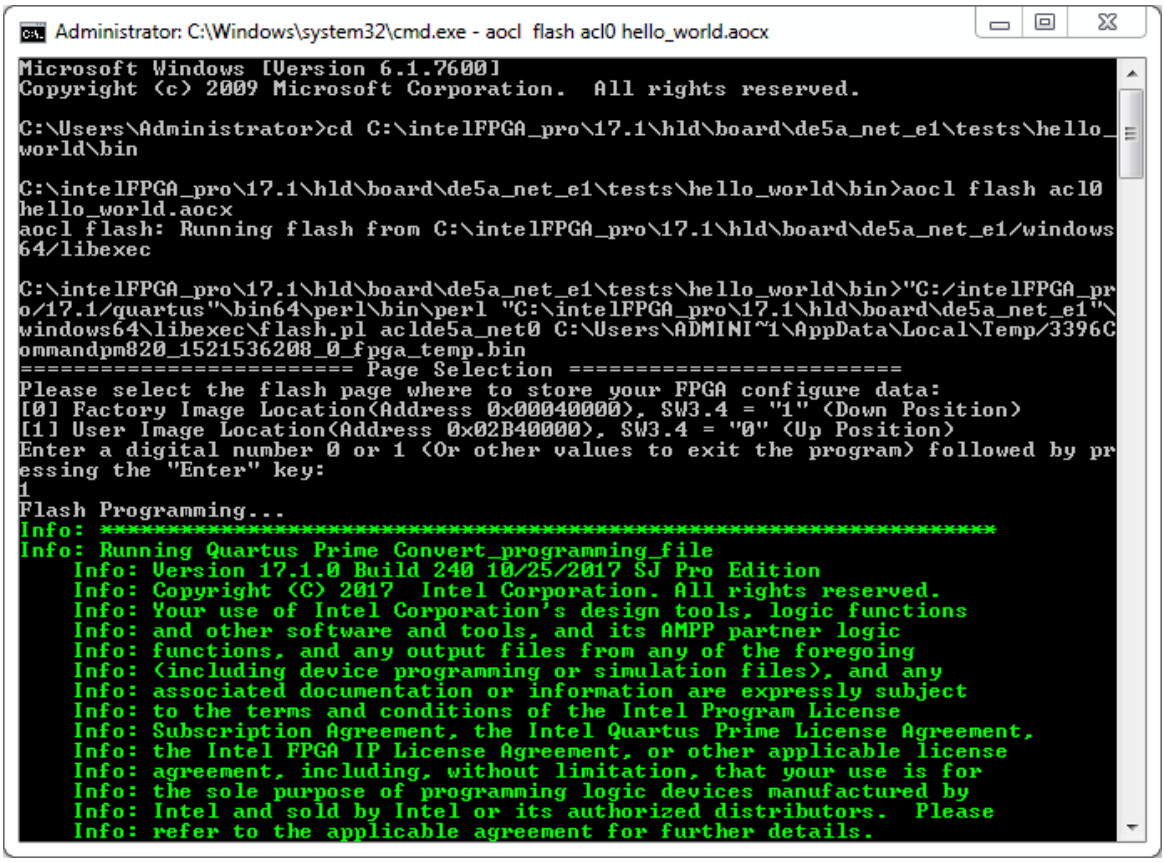


Figure 2-15 Select Flash Page

After users select desired flash area, it will take about 8 minutes for flash programming. **Figure 2-16** is the screen shot when flash programming is done successfully.

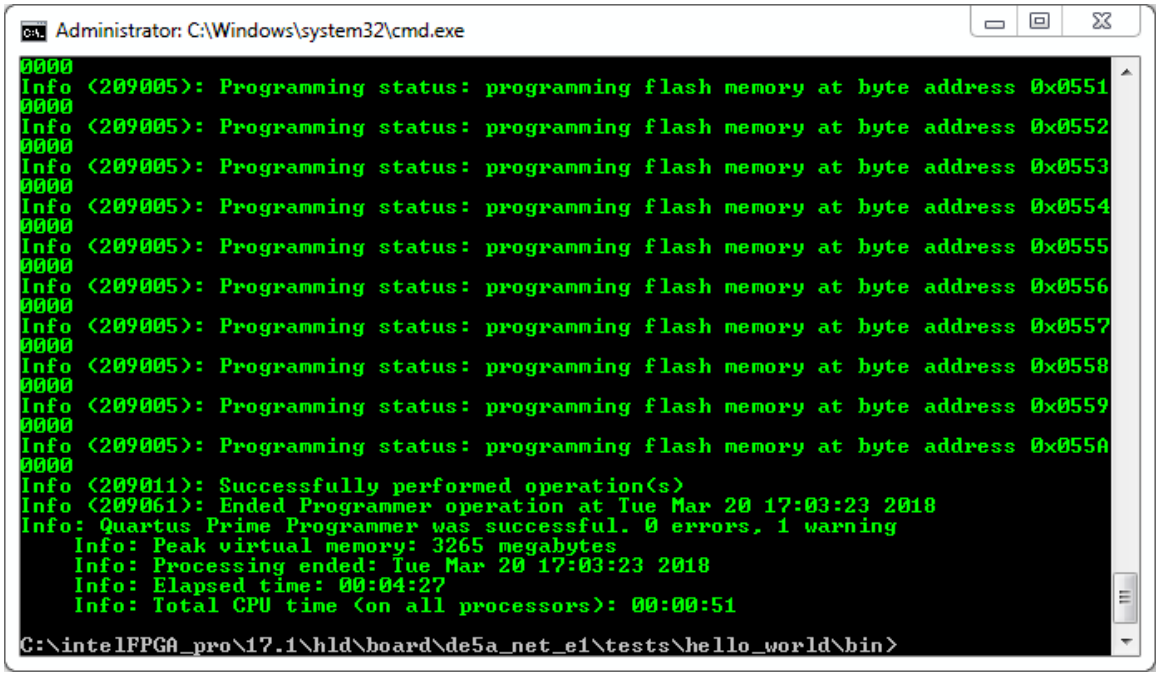


Figure 2-16 Aocl Flash Successfully

To make sure a correct image is used when FPGA boots up, please make sure the dip switch **SW3.4**

on DE5a-Net is changed to the correct location. If a User Image area is selected, the dip switch SW3.4 on the DE5a-Net should be moved to **Up** position as shown in **Figure 2-17**.

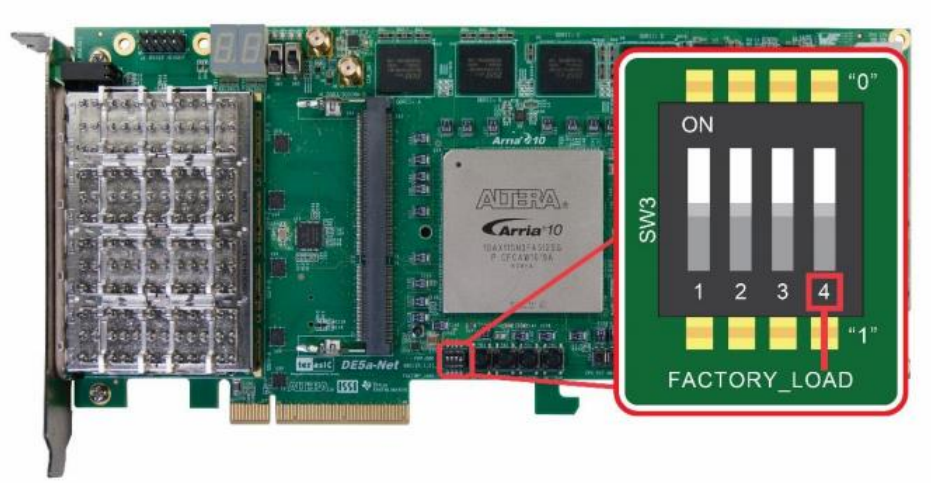


Figure 2-17 Set SW3.4 to Up Position (User Image Page)

After flash programming is done successfully and SW3.4 is set to correct position, **developers must power off DE5a-Net board, then turn it back on, and restart the PC.**

2.5 OpenCL Runtime Verify

■ Test 'aocl diagnose' Command

The **diagnose** utility reports device information and identifies issues. The diagnose utility first verifies the installation of the kernel driver and returns the overall information of all the devices installed in a host machine.

In **Command Prompt** window, type "**aocl diagnose**" to check if the initialization completed successfully. If successful, the programming message displays "**DIAGNOSTIC_PASSED**" as shown in Figure 2-18.

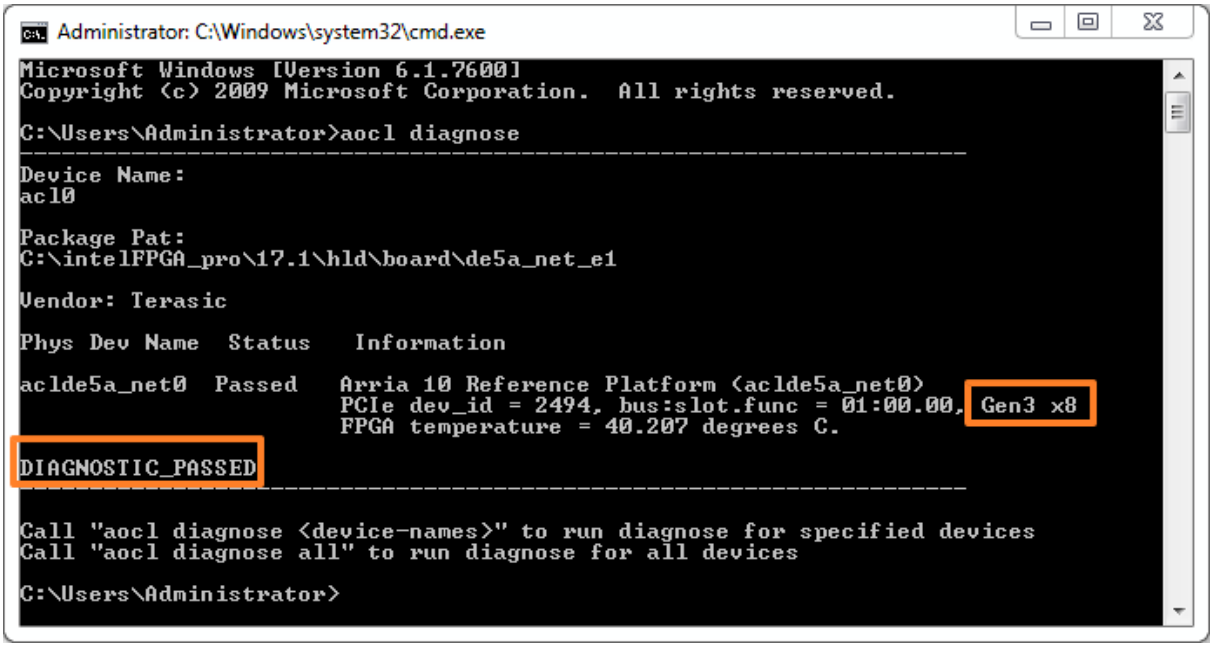


Figure 2-18 "aocl diagnose" Messages

Note: It is strongly recommended that users set the PCIe speed at Gen 3 in the BIOS on the host PC, so that the DE5a-Net negotiates with the host PC at Gen3 as the link speed. If your PC supports PCIe Gen3x8, but it gets incorrect detected information, you can modify the PCIe settings in the BIOS, and reboot.

■ Test 'aocl program' Command

The **program** utility programs the board with the specified **aocx** file. Check whether the **hello_world** OpenCL image configures the FPGA successfully. In **Command Prompt** window, type *"cd C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\hello_world\bin"* to go to **bin** folder, then type "**aocl program acl0 hello_world.aocx**" to configure the FPGA with **hello_world.aocx**

OpenCL image. If the programming message displays “Program succeed” as shown in **Figure 2-19**, it means the **hello_world** OpenCL image is programmed into the FPGA successfully.

Figure 2-19 Aocl Program Successfully

2.6 Compile and Test OpenCL Project

This section will show how to compile and test OpenCL kernel and OpenCL Host Program for the **vector_add** project. Developers can use the same procedures to compile and test other OpenCL examples for DE5a-Net.

■ Compile OpenCL Kernel

The utility **aoc** (Altera SDK for OpenCL Kernel Compiler) is used to compile the OpenCL kernel. In **Command Prompt** window, type *"cd C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\vector_add"* to go to **vector_add** project folder.
then type "**aoc device\vector_add.cl -o bin\vector_add.aocx -board=de5a_net_e1 -v**" to compile the OpenCL kernel. It will take about one hour for compiling. When the compilation process is finished, OpenCL image file **vector_add.aocx** is generated. **Figure 2-20** is the screenshot when OpenCL kernel is compiling. For required parameters to compile vector_add.cl, please refer to the README.html in the vector_add folder. For detailed usage of **aoc**, please refer to the **Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL Programming Guide**:

https://www.altera.com/en_US/pdfs/literature/hb/opencl-sdk/aocl_programming_guide.pdf

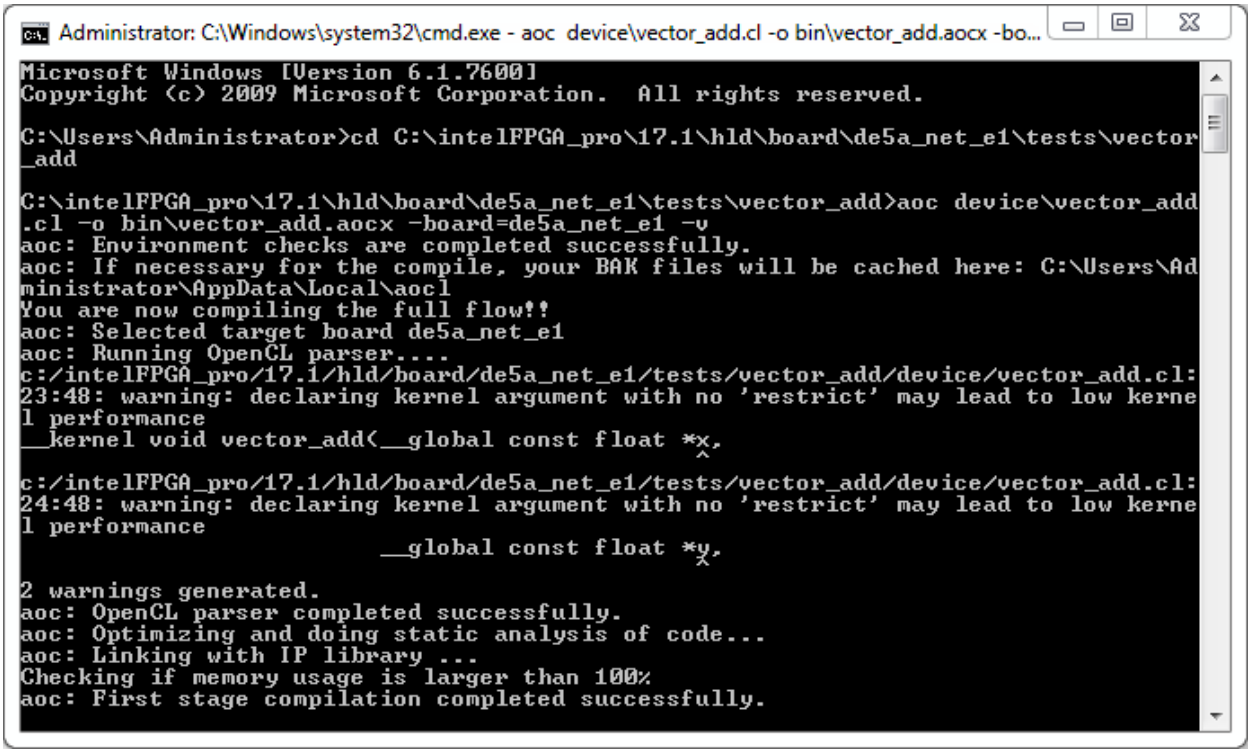


Figure 2-20 OpenCL Kernel Compile

■ Compile Host Program

Visual Studio C/C++ 2012 is used to compile the Host Program. Launch Visual Studio, and select menu item "FILE→Open Project/Solution…". In the Open Project dialog, go to the folder "*C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\vector_add*", and select **vector_add.sln** as shown Figure 2-21.

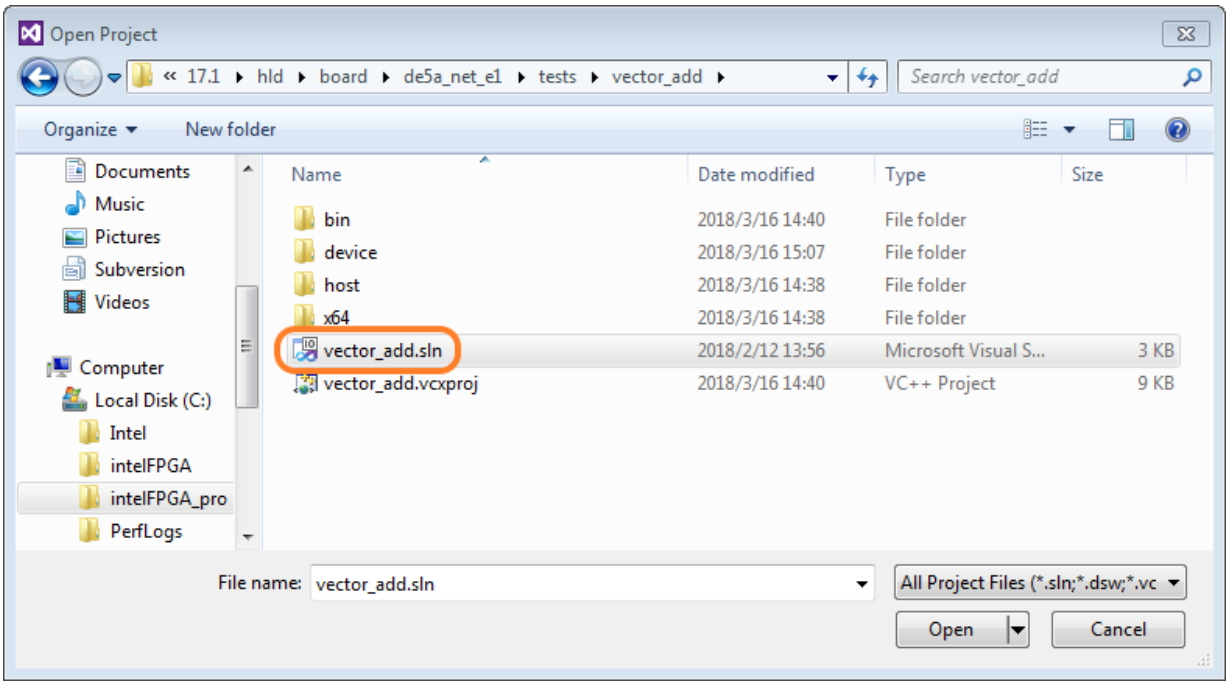


Figure 2-21 Open Host Program

After vector_add Host Program project is opened successfully, in Visual Studio IDE select menu item "BUILD→Build Solution" to build host program. When build process is successful, you will see successful message as show in Figure 2-22. The execute file is generate in:

"C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\vector_add\bin\host.exe"

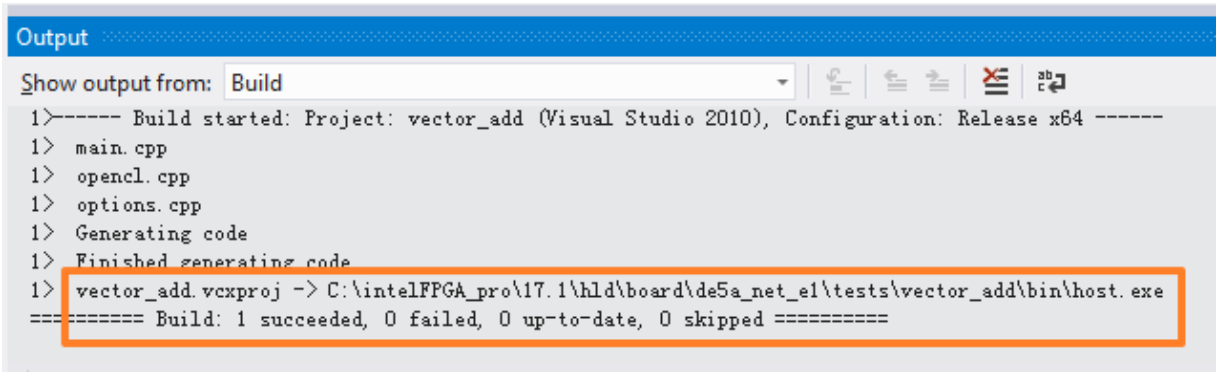


Figure 2-22 Host Program Build Successfully

■ Test vector_add project

Firstly, In **Command Prompt** window, type *"cd C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\vector_add\bin"* to go to **vector_add\bin** project folder.
Then, execute "**host.exe**". Figure 2-23 is the screen shot when the test is successful.

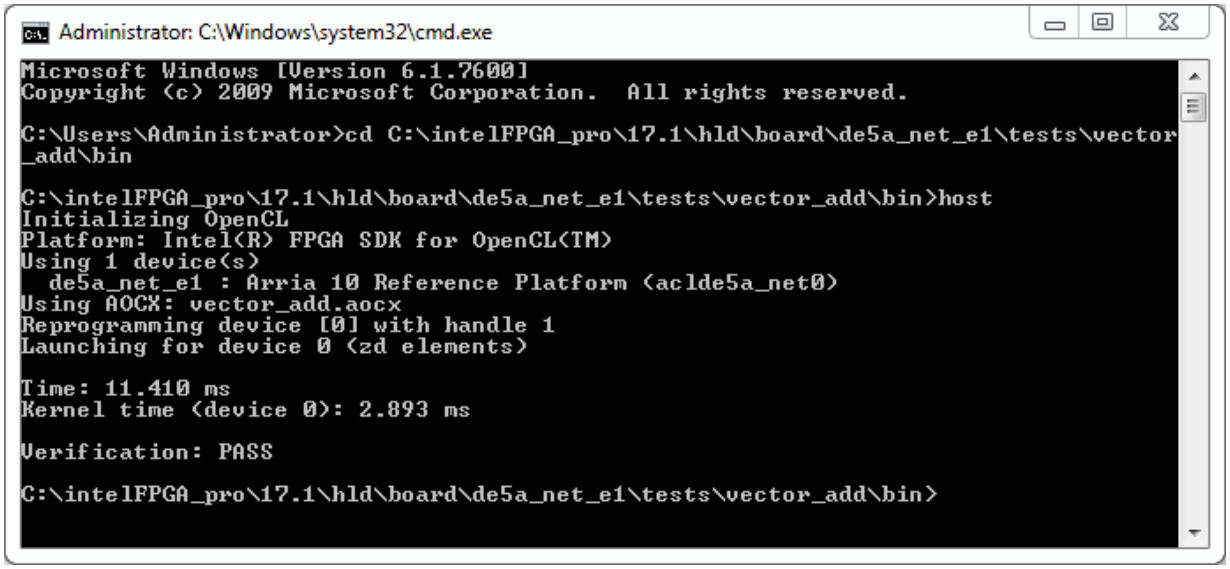


Figure 2-23 Host App Running successfully

Chapter 3

OpenCL for Linux

This chapter describe how to setup DE5a-Net OpenCL development environment on 64-bit Linux (Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.5/CentOS 7.0 are recommended), and how to compile and test the OpenCL examples for DE5a-Net. For more details about Altera OpenCL, please refer to Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL Getting Started document:

https://www.altera.com/en_US/pdfs/literature/hb/opencl-sdk/aocl_getting_started.pdf

3.1 Software Installation

This section describes how to download and install the required software for OpenCL.

■ Altera Quartus II and OpenCL

Intel Quartus Prime Pro Edition 17.1.0.240 and Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL 17.1.0.240 can be download from the web site:

http://dl.altera.com/opencl/17.1/?edition=pro

For Quartus II installation, please make sure that the Arria 10 device is included.

Open the link and select the **Linux SDK** as **Figure 3-1** shows.

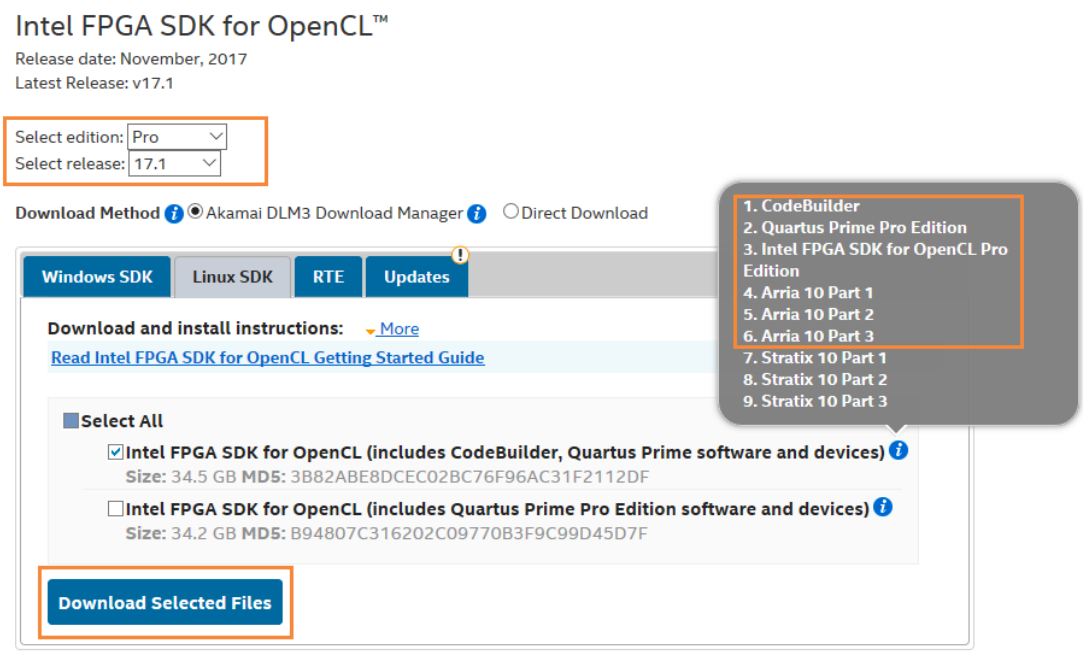


Figure 3-1 Linux SDK table

Quartus II software uses the built-in USB-Blaster II drivers on Linux to access USB-Blaster II download cable on DE5a-Net. but after installing the Quartus II software with built-in drivers, user need to change the port permission for USB-Blaster II via issuing

'gedit /etc/udev/rules.d/51-usbblaster.rules'

to create and add the following lines to the **/etc/udev/rules.d/51-usbblaster.rules** file.

```
# USB-Blaster
BUS=="usb", SYSFS{idVendor}=="09fb", SYSFS{idProduct}=="6001", MODE="0666"
BUS=="usb", SYSFS{idVendor}=="09fb", SYSFS{idProduct}=="6002", MODE="0666"
BUS=="usb", SYSFS{idVendor}=="09fb", SYSFS{idProduct}=="6003", MODE="0666"
# USB-Blaster II
BUS=="usb", SYSFS{idVendor}=="09fb", SYSFS{idProduct}=="6010", MODE="0666"
BUS=="usb", SYSFS{idVendor}=="09fb", SYSFS{idProduct}=="6810", MODE="0666"
```

Note: You must have system administration (root) privileges to configure the USB-Blaster download cable drivers.

■ GNU development tools

GNU development tools such as **gcc** (include **g++**) and **make** are required to build the driver and application under Linux. User can issue 'yum install gcc ccompat-gcc-48-c++ make' command to download and install them and their dependencies via internet.

Note: To install the SDK on Linux, you must install it in a directory that you own (that is, a directory that is not a system directory). You must also have sudo or root privileges.

■ DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP (Board Support Package)

After Quartus II and OpenCL SDK are installed, please download the DE5ANET_E1_Open CL_BSP_17.1.tar.gz DE5a-Net linux BSP from the web site:

http://de5a-net.terasic.com/cd

Then, decompress DE5ANET_E1_OpenCL_BSP_17.1.tar.gz to the "**de5a_net_e1**" folder under the folder "/root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/hld/board", where assumed Quartus II is installed on the folder "/root/ intelFPGA_pro/17.1", as shown in **Figure 3-2**.

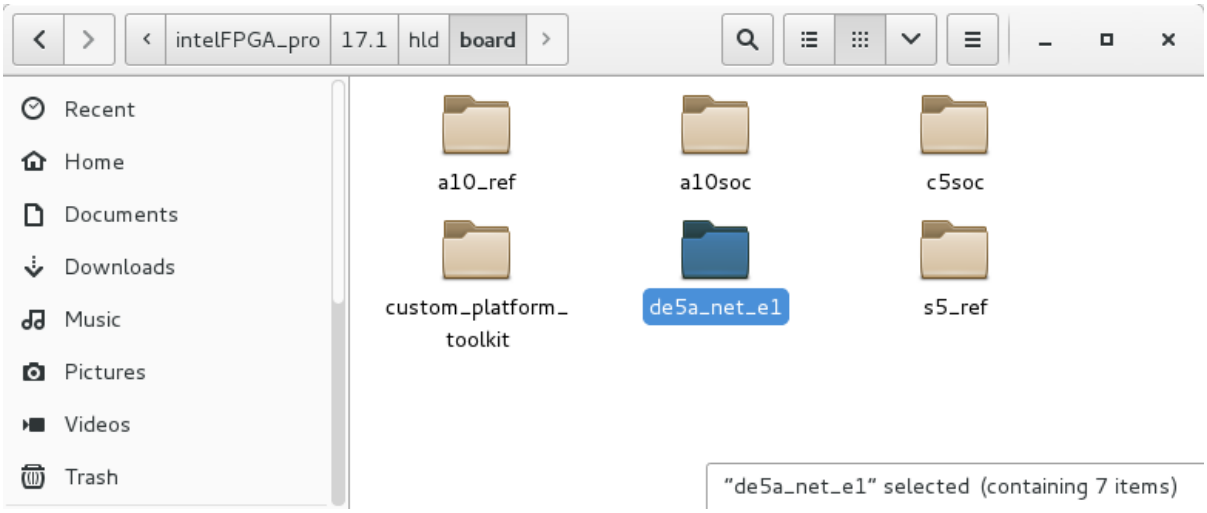


Figure 3-2 DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP Content

For more details about DE5a-Net OpenCL BSP, please refer to the **Table 2**.

Table 2 Linux BSP File

File or Folder	Description
board_env.xml	eXtensible Markup Language (XML) file that describes the Reference Platform to the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL.
hardware	Contains the Intel Quartus Prime project templates for the a10gx board variant.
Linux64	Contains the MMD library, kernel mode driver, and executable files of the SDK utilities (that is, install, uninstall, flash, program, diagnose) for your 64-bit operating system
tests	Contains some OpenCL Design Examples. The following examples demonstrate how to describe various applications in OpenCL along with their respective host applications, which you can compile and execute on a host with an FPGA board that supports the Intel® FPGA SDK for OpenCL.

3.2 Environment Configure

If you install the Intel FPGA development software and OpenCL SDK on a system that does not contain any .cshrc or Bash Resource file (.bashrc) in your directory, you must set the INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT and PATH environment variables manually. And the developers need to create an environment variable for the DE5a-Net board **AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT** so that the Intel FPGA OpenCL SDK is able to find the kit location of DE5a-Net correctly, and set its value as:

"$ INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT "/board/de5a_net_e1"

Alternatively, you can edit the "/etc/profile" **profile** file, and append the environment variables to it. To do this type *"gedit /etc/profile"* command on Linux Terminal to open the **profile** file by the **gedit** editor tool， and append the following setting to the **profile** file. Then, save the file and type "*source /etc/profile"* command in Linux Terminal to make the settings make effect.

```
export QUARTUS_ROOTDIR=/root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/quartus
export INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT=/root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/hld
export AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT=$INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT/board/de5a_net_e1
export PATH=$PATH:$QUARTUS_ROOTDIR/bin:$INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT/linux64/bin:$INTELFPGAOC
LSDKROOT/bin:$ INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT/host/linux64/bin:/root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/qsys/bin
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT/linux64/lib:$ INTELFPGAOCLSDKROOT
/host/linux64/lib:$AOCL_BOARD_PACKAGE_ROOT/tests/extlibs/lib
export QUARTUS_64BIT=1
export LM_LICENSE_FILE=/root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/license.dat
```

3.3 OpenCL Environment Verify

This section will show how to make sure the OpenCL environment is setup correctly. Firstly, please open the Linux system **terminal** window by right click the Mouse on system desktop, then clicking on **Open Terminal**.

■ Target SDK Version

In the Linux terminal, type "**aocl version**" command, and make sure the version of the OpenCL SDK is listed as shown in Figure 3-3.

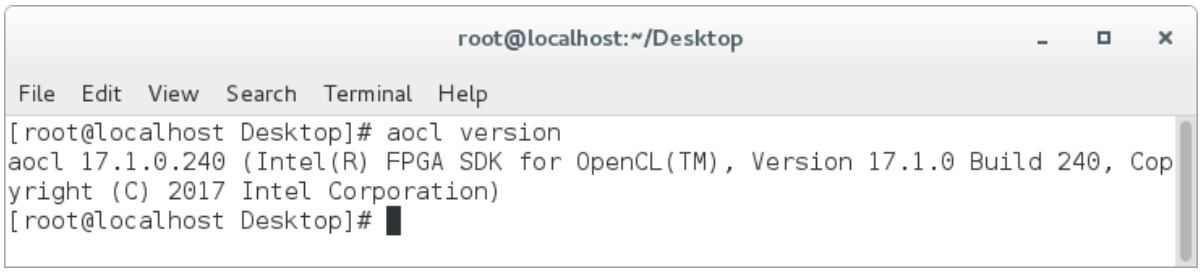


Figure 3-3 Version of OpenCL SDK

■ Target Board

In the Linux terminal, type "**aoc -list-boards**" command, and make sure "**de5a_net_e1**" is listed in **Board list** as shown in Figure 3-4.

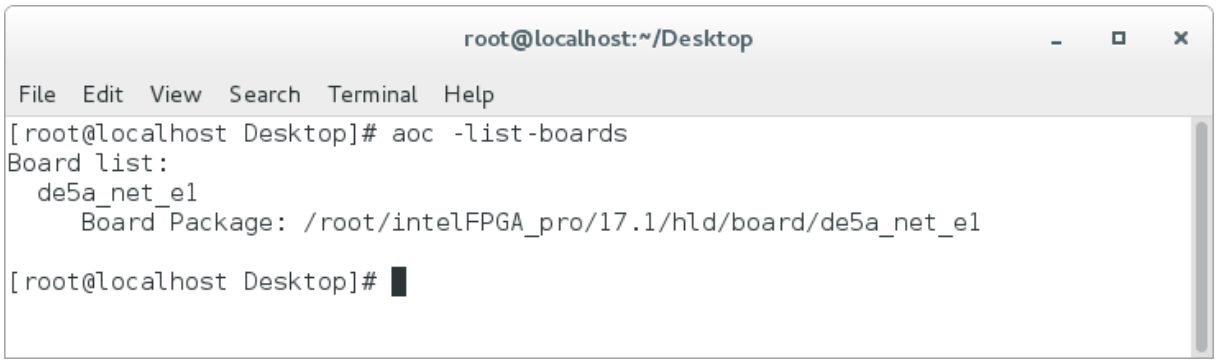


Figure 3-4 'de5a_net_e1' is Listed in Board List

For more information about the **aoc** and **aocl**, refer to the '**aoc -h**' and '**aocl help**' command.

3.4 Initializing the FPGA for use with OpenCL

■ Board Setup

To use the DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit with the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL, you must follow the below procedures to set up DE5a-Net board on your PC as shown in **Figure 3-5**.

5. Make sure your PC is powered off.
6. Insert DE5a-Net board into PCI Express x8 or x16 slot.
7. Connect PC's 12V PCI Express 6-pin power source to the DE5a-Net (if there's not, ignore this step).
8. Connect PC's USB port to DE5a-Net mini USB port using an USB cable.

Note, the USB cable can be removed later if OpenCL code had been programmed to the startup configuration flash of DE5a-Net by '**aocl flash**' command.

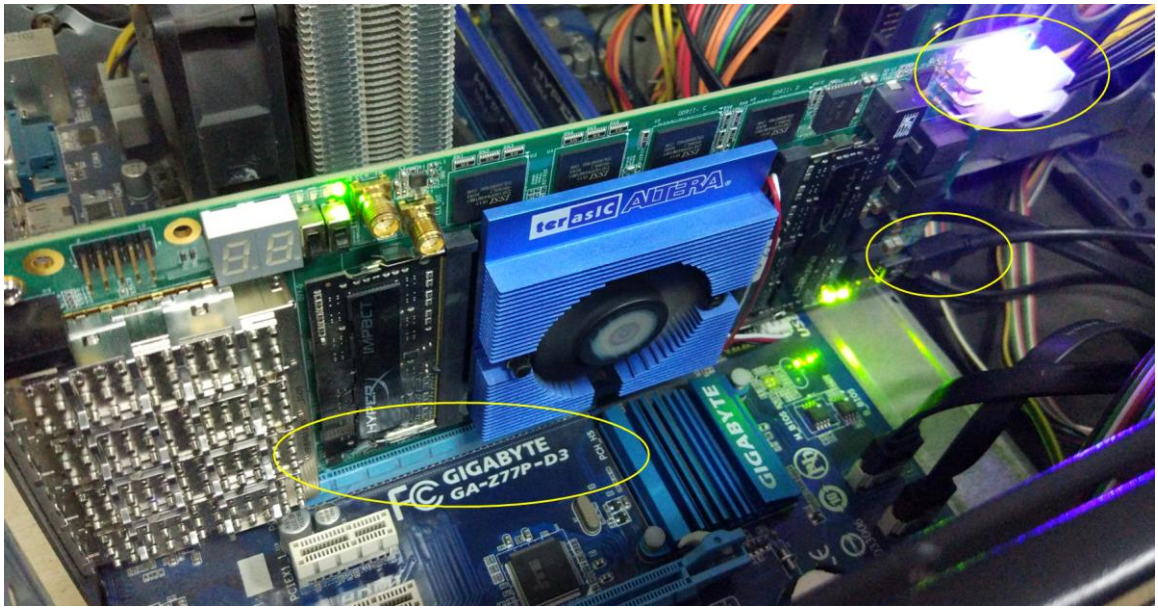


Figure 3-5 Setup DE5a-Net board on PC

■ Bring up the FPGA Board

Before using the DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit with OpenCL, you must initialize the board with an OpenCL image. Without this image, the board host operating system does not recognize the PCIe card and the Intel FPGA OpenCL compiler cannot find the device.

Program the FPGA on your DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit with the **top.sof** file by

running the **sh test.sh** in **bringup** folder as shown in Figure 3-6.

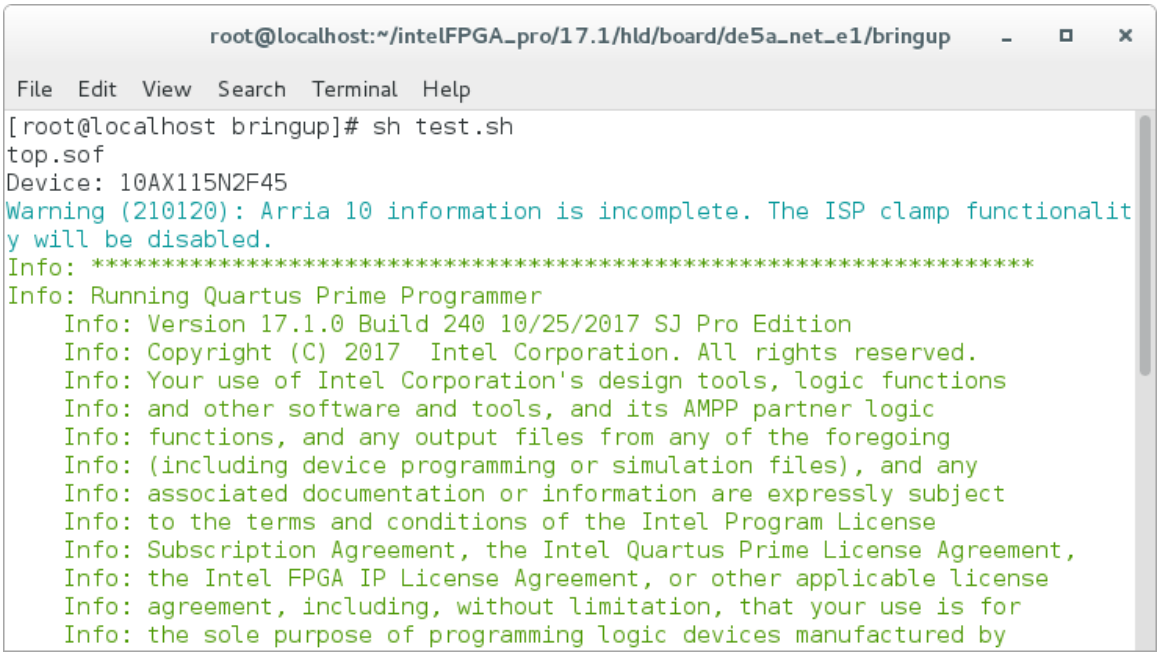


Figure 3-6 Bring up the FPGA Borad

Use the /sbin/reboot command to perform a soft reboot of your host system causes your host system to recognize the DE5a-Net Arria 10 FPGA Development Kit PCIe card.

■ Driver Installation

Your system must recognize the card so that the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL driver can be loaded. The **install** utility is used install the kernel driver on the host computer. Users of the Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL only need to install the driver once, after that the driver should be automatically loaded each time the machine reboots.

First, in the Linux terminal, type '**lspci |grep Altera**' to make sure the system recognizes the PCIe card as shown in Figure 3-7.

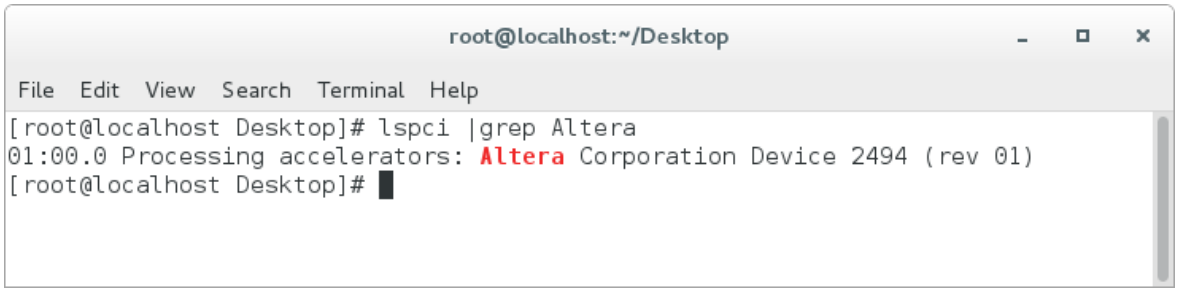


Figure 3-7 PCIE Message

Type '**aocl install**' to install the driver as shown in Figure 3-8. Note that users need to have root privileges to install the driver.

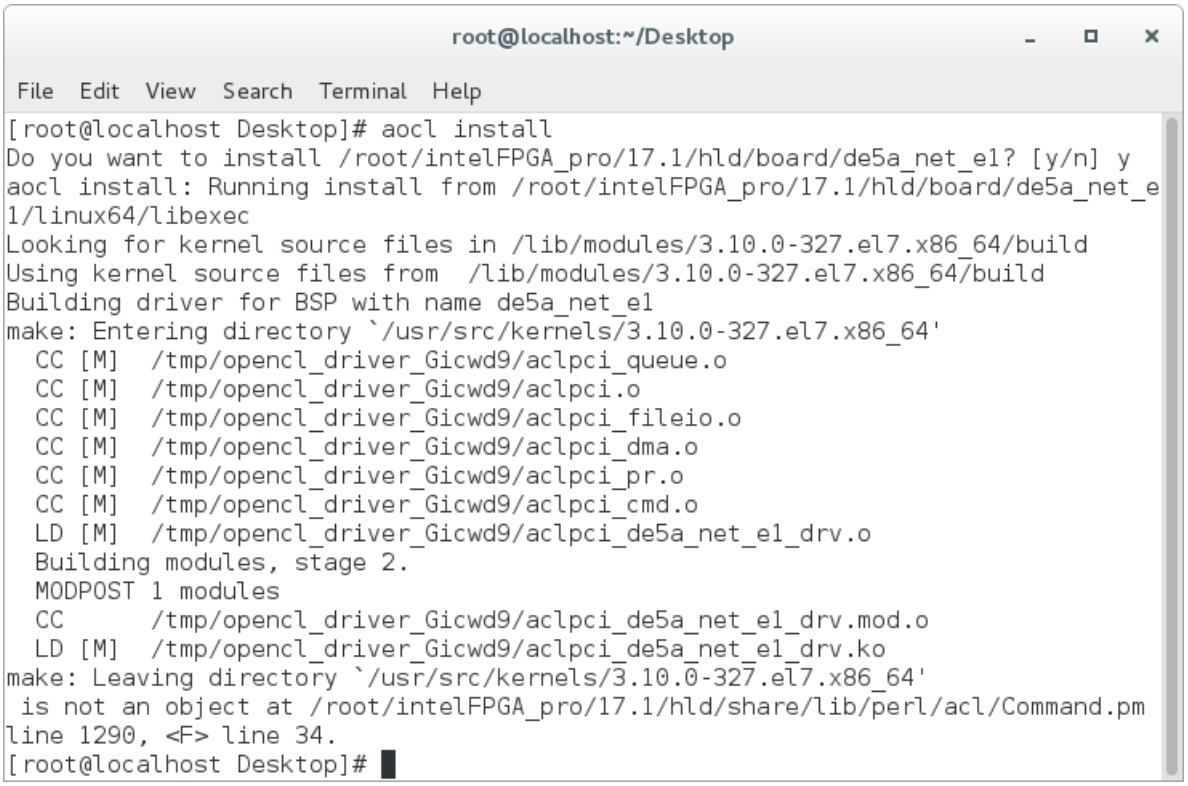


Figure 3-8 Driver Installation

Note: if user don't use the recommended Linux system or different version, recompiling the driver is needed. You can compile it by typing *"cd root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/hld/board/de5a_net_e1/ linux64/driver"* (there are source code, Makefile and README.txt) to locate at the driver source code directory and type *"sh make_all.sh"* to compile and generate the new driver. Before that, user need to install the kernel related development package matched the current kernel (**kernel-devel** package) via issuing '*yum install kernel-devel*' command.

■ 'aocl flash' program

The **flash** utility configures the power-on image for the FPGA using the specified **aocx** file. Calling into the MMD library implements the flash utility.

In the Linux terminal, type *"cd C:\intelFPGA\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\hello_world\bin"* to go to hello world OpenCL project folder.

Then type "**aocl flash acl0 hello_world.aocx**" to write **hello_world.aocx** OpenCL image onto the startup configuration flash of DE5a-Net.

Before flash programming, the programmer will ask users which startup configuration image area will be used as shown in **Figure 3-9**. This is because DE5a-Net provides two startup configuration image areas, called as Factory Image and User Image. We recommend users to key in '1' to select User Image area.

Figure 3-9 Select Flash Page

After users select desired flash area, it will take about 8 minutes for flash programming. Figure 3-10 is the screen shot when flash programming is done successfully.

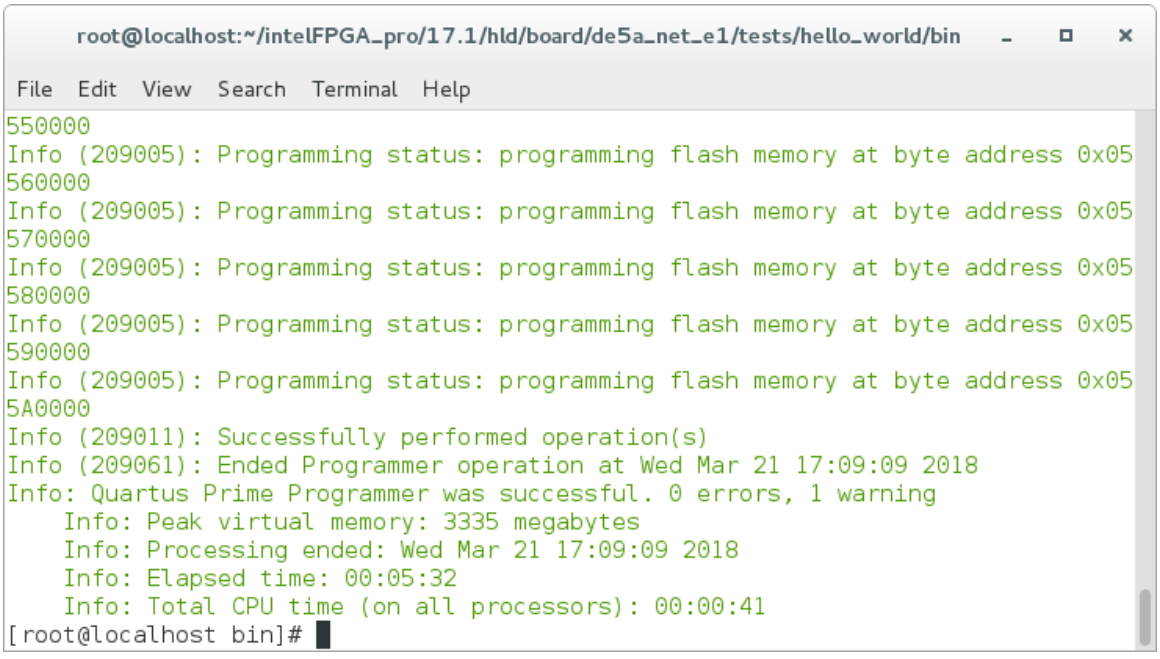


Figure 3-10 Aocl Flash Successfully

To make sure a correct image is used when FPGA boots up, please make sure the dip switch **SW3.4** on DE5a-Net is changed to the correct location. If a User Image area is selected, the dip switch SW3.4 on the DE5a-Net should be moved to **Up** position as shown in Figure 3-11.

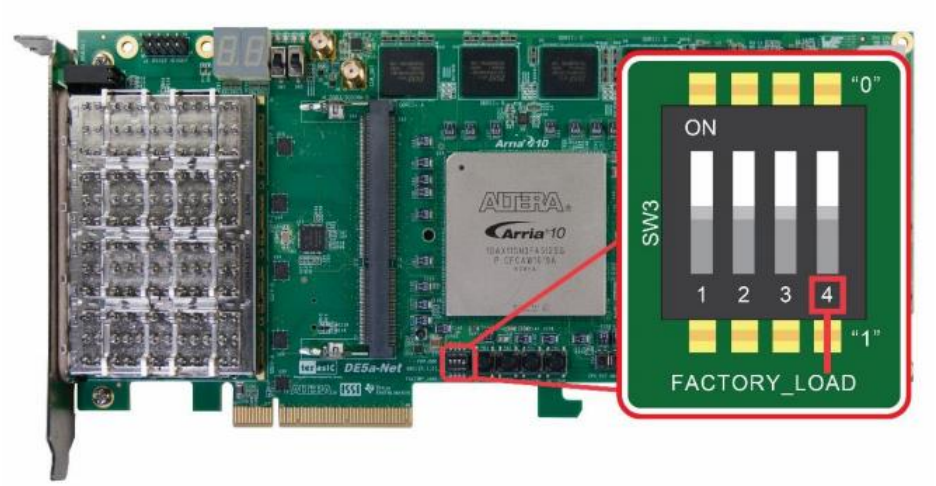


Figure 3-11 Set SW3.4 to Up Position (User Image Page)

After flash programming is done successfully and SW3.4 is set to correct position, **developers must power off DE5a-Net board, then turn it back on, and restart the PC.**

3.5 OpenCL Runtime Verify

■ Test 'aocl diagnose' Command

The **diagnose** utility reports device information and identifies issues. The diagnose utility first verifies the installation of the kernel driver and returns the overall information of all the devices installed in a host machine.

In the Linux **terminal**, type "**aocl diagnose**" to check if the initialization completed successfully. If successful, the programming message displays "**DIAGNOSTIC_PASSED**" as shown in **Figure 3-12**.

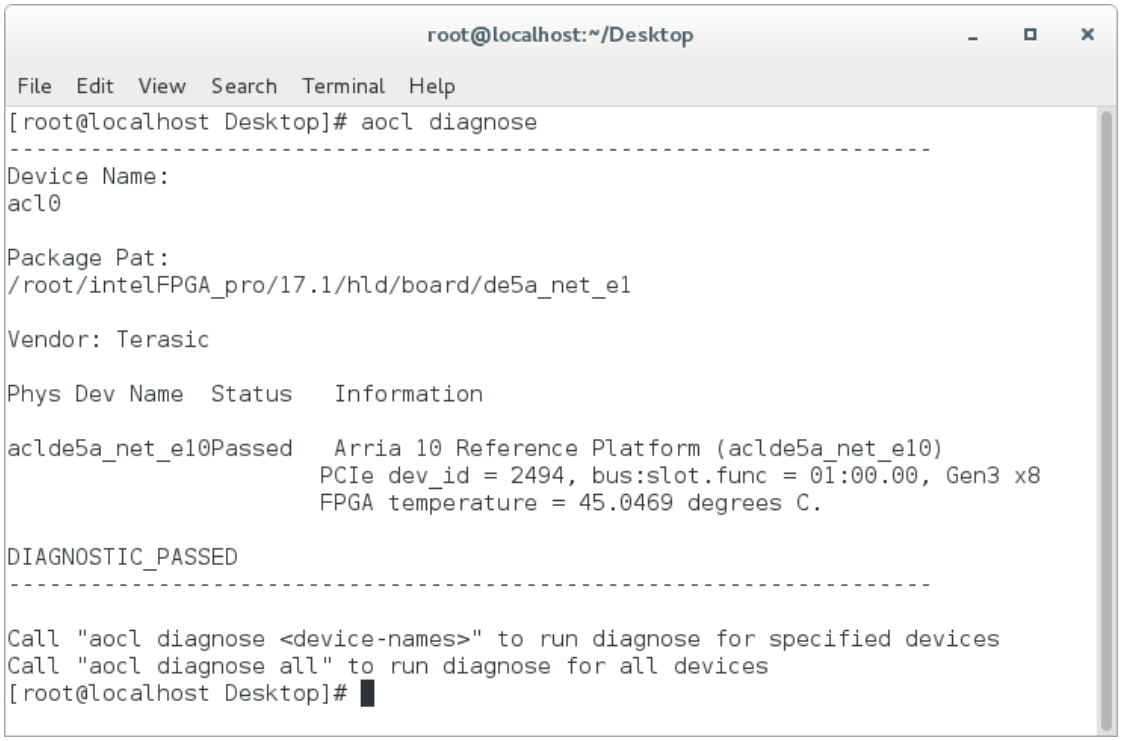


Figure 3-12 "aocl diagnose" Messages

Note: It is strongly recommended that users set the PCIe speed at Gen 3 in the BIOS on the host PC, so that DE5a-Net negotiates with the host PC at Gen3 as the link speed. If your PC support PCIe Gen3x8, but it gets incorrect detected information, you can modify the PCIe settings in the BIOS, and reboot.

■ Test 'aocl program' Command

The **program** utility programs the board with the specified **aocx** file. Check whether the **hello_world** OpenCL image configures the FPGA successfully. In the Linux **terminal**, type *"cd C:\intelFPGA_pro\17.1\hld\board\de5a_net_e1\tests\hello_world\bin"* to go to **hello_world\bin** project folder, then type "**aocl program acl0 hello_world.aocx**" to configure the FPGA with **hello_world.aocx** OpenCL image. If the programming message displays "Program succeed" as shown in **Figure 3-13**, it means the **hello_world** OpenCL image is programmed into the FPGA correctly.

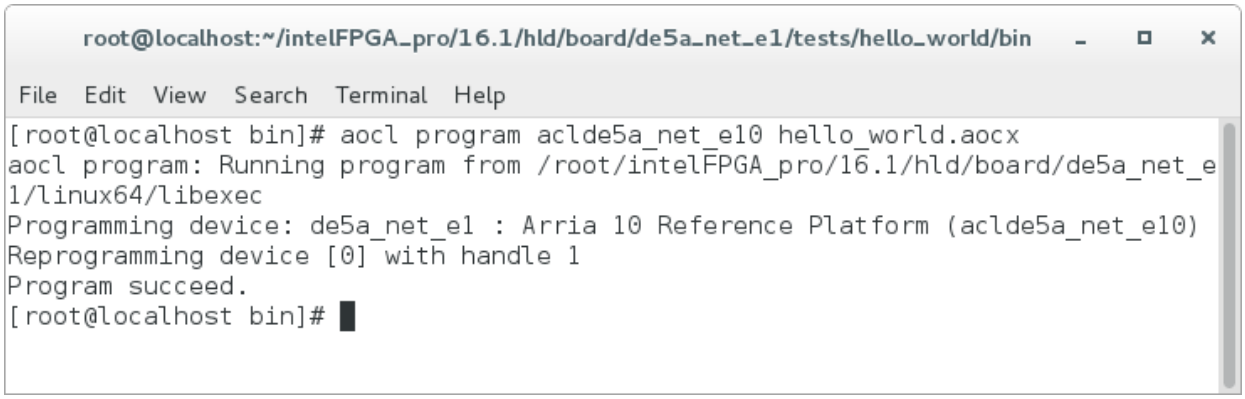


Figure 3-13 Aocl Program Successfully

3.6 Compile and Test OpenCL Project

This section will show how to compile and run the OpenCL kernel and OpenCL Host Program for the vector_add example project. Developers can use the same procedures to compile and test other OpenCL examples (included in the kit) for DE5a-Net.

■ Compile OpenCL Kernel

In the **terminal**, type *"cd /root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/hld/board/de5a_net_e1/tests/vector_add"* to go to **vector_add** project folder, then type ***"aoc device/vector_add.cl -o bin/vector_add.aocx -board= de5a_net_e1 -v"*** to compile the OpenCL kernel. It will take about one hour for compiling. After that, the OpenCL image file **vector_add.aocx** is generated. **Figure 3-14** is the screen shot when OpenCL kernel is compiled successfully. For required parameters to compile vector_add.cl, please refer to the README.txt that is in the same directory.

The utility **aoc** (Altera SDK for OpenCL Kernel Compiler) is used to compile OpenCL kernel. For detailed usage of **aoc**, please refer to the **Intel FPGA SDK for OpenCL Programming Guide**:

http://www.altera.com/literature/hb/opencl-sdk/aocl_programming_guide.pdf

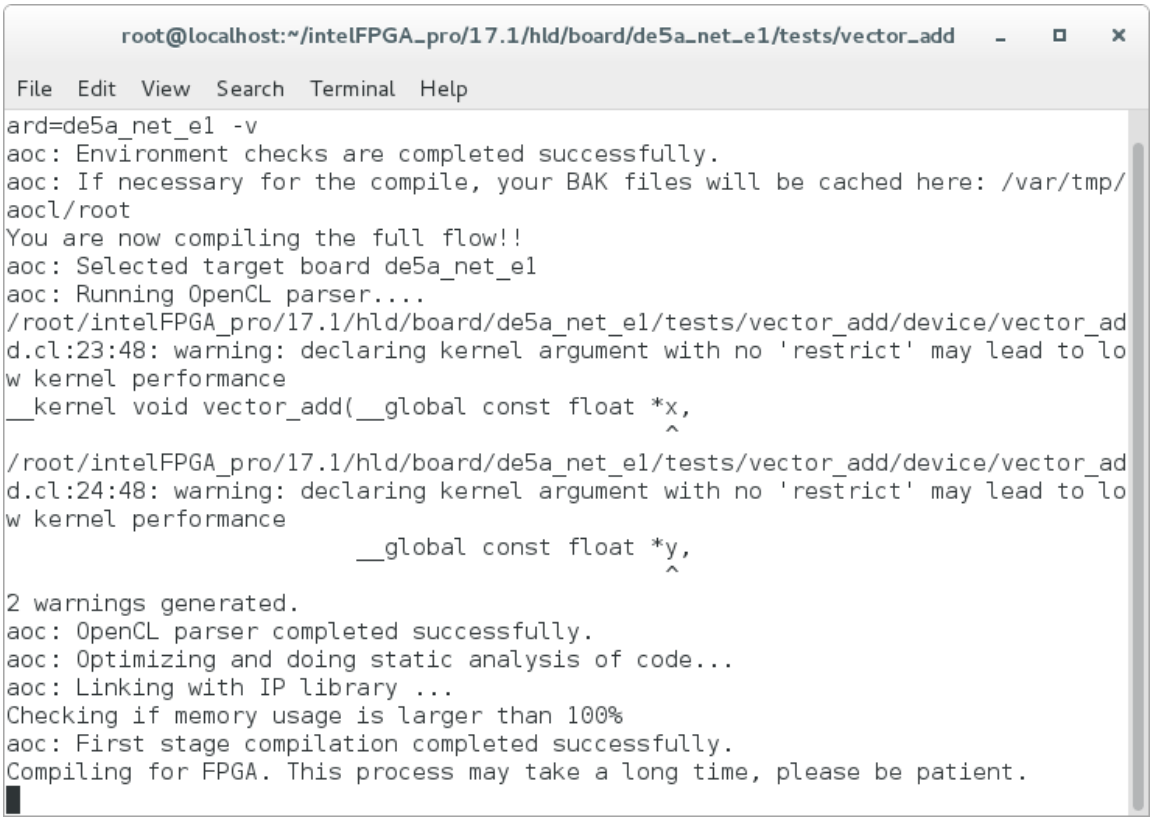


Figure 3-14 OpenCL Kernel Compile Successfully

■ Compile Host Program

In the **terminal**, type *"cd /root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/hld/board/de5a_net_e1/tests/vector_add"* and then type *"**make**"* to compile the host program.

When build is successfully, you will see successful message as show in **Figure 3-15**. The execute file is generate in the same directory which named bin.

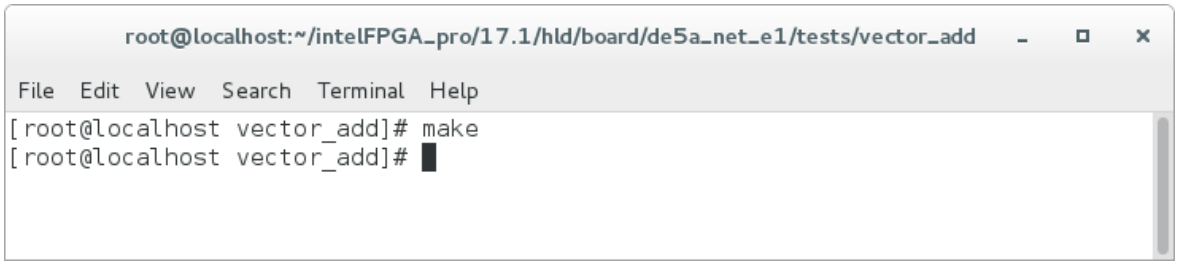


Figure 3-15 Host Program Build Successful

■ Test vector_add project

Firstly, In the **terminal**, type *"cd /root/intelFPGA_pro/17.1/hld/board/de5a_net_e1/tests/vector_add/bin"* to go to the **vector_add** project folder, then type "***aocl program acl0 vector_add.aocx***" to configure FPGA with the OpenCL Image vector_add.aocx.

Then, launch the compiled Host Program to start vector_add execute file for test. In the **terminal** type "**./host**". **Figure 3-16** shows the execution is successful.

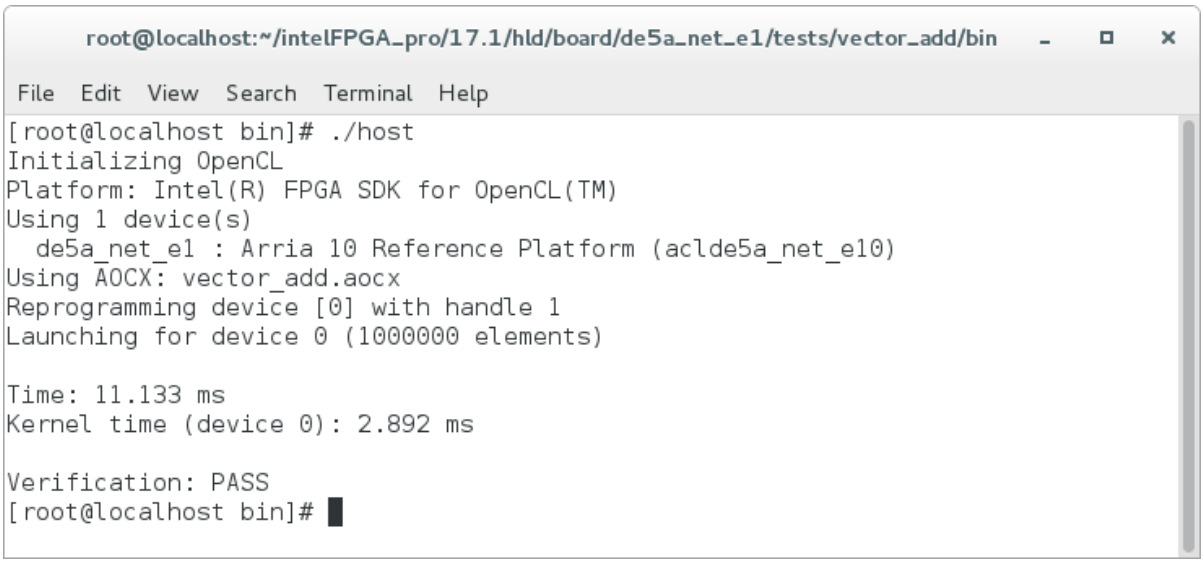


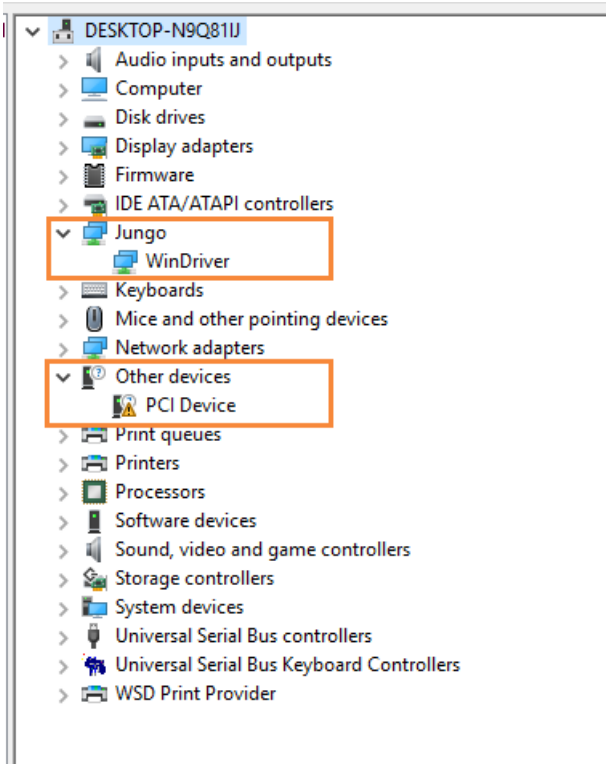
Figure 3-16 Host App Running successfully

Chapter 4

Appendix

Windows10 x64 OpenCL Driver Install

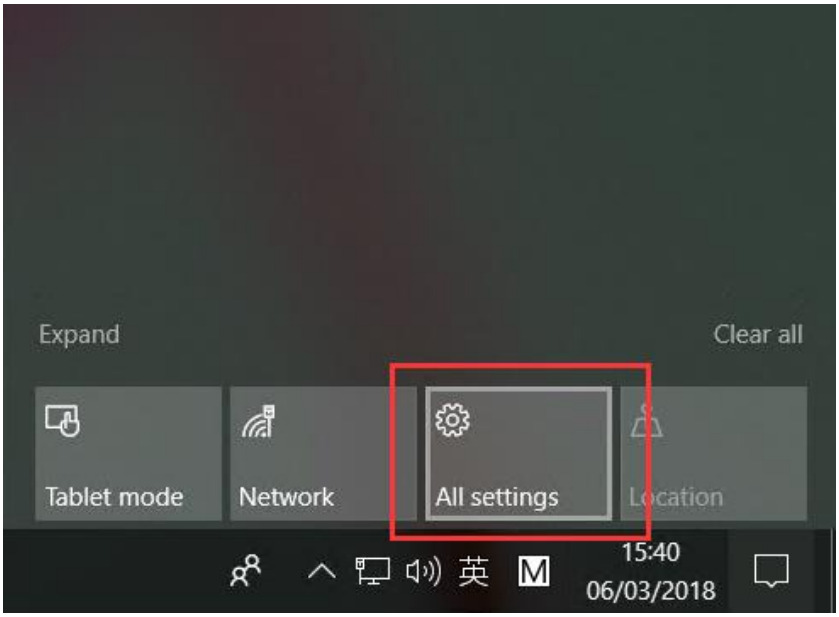
Because the win10 system requires the signature of the .inf file, sometimes, the driver of the PCIE (without signature) fails to be installed after running aocl install.



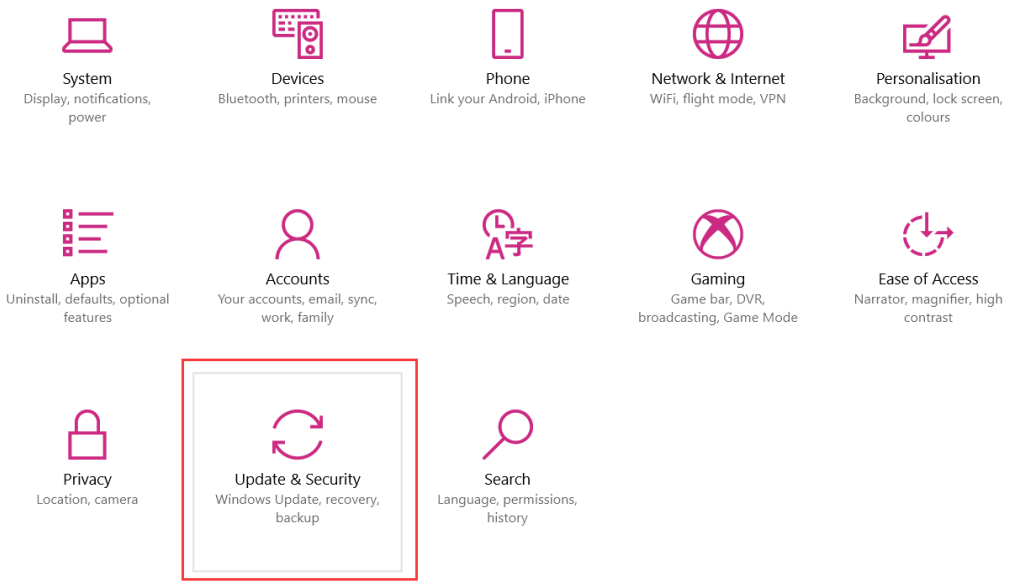
As a solution, it needs to disable the driver signature, and then manually install the PCIe driver. The steps are as following:

A. Disable the driver signature in the Win10 system

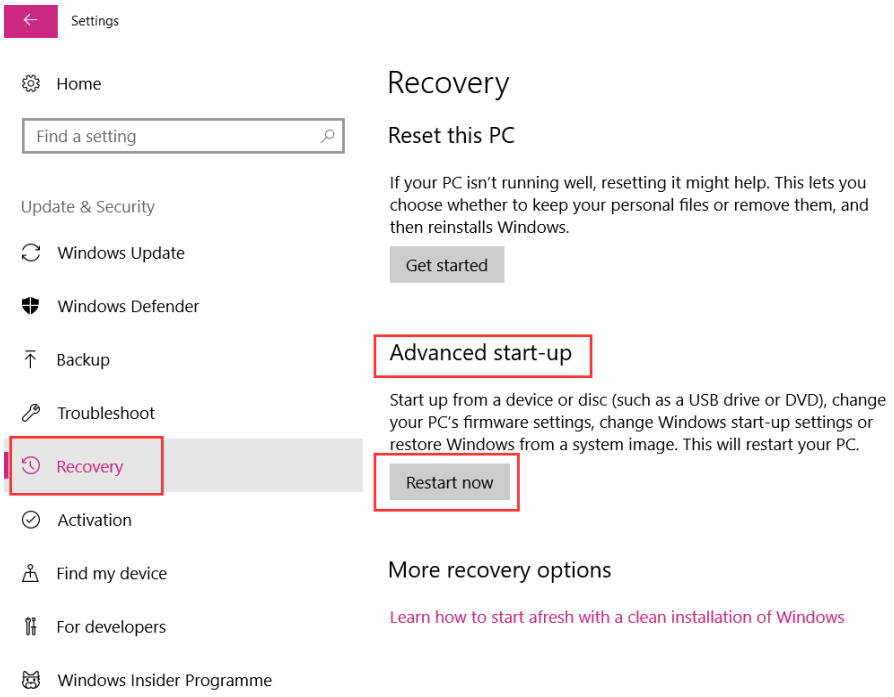
1.Click **Home**， enter "**All settings**".



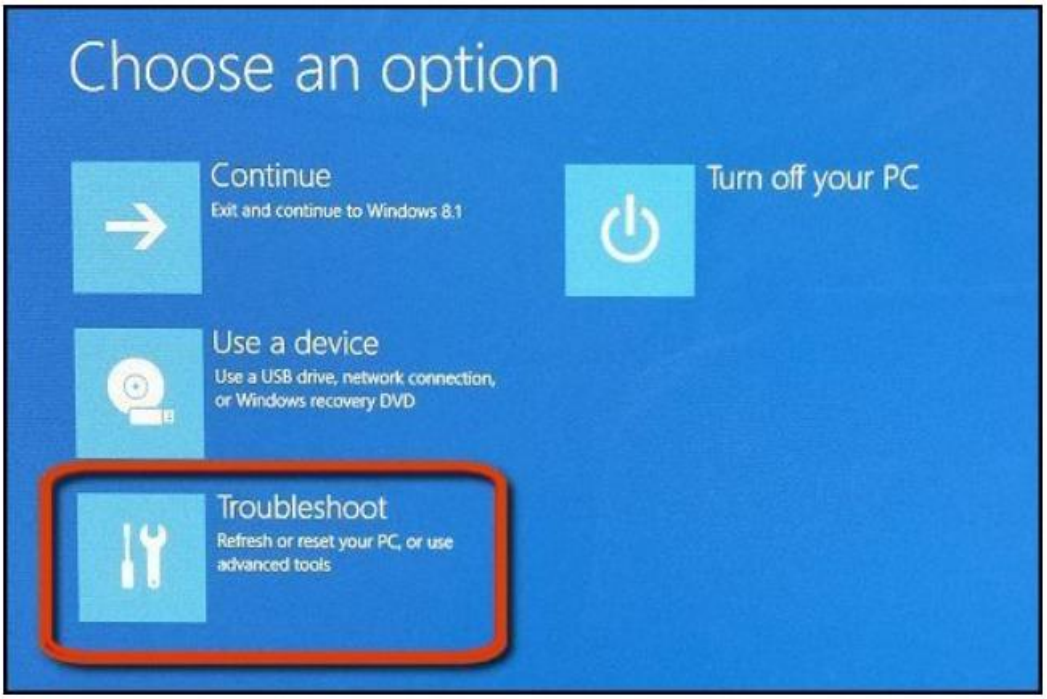
2. Access "**Update & Security**".



3.Find **Recovery**. Click "**Restart now**" below "**Advanced start-up**",restart the PC.

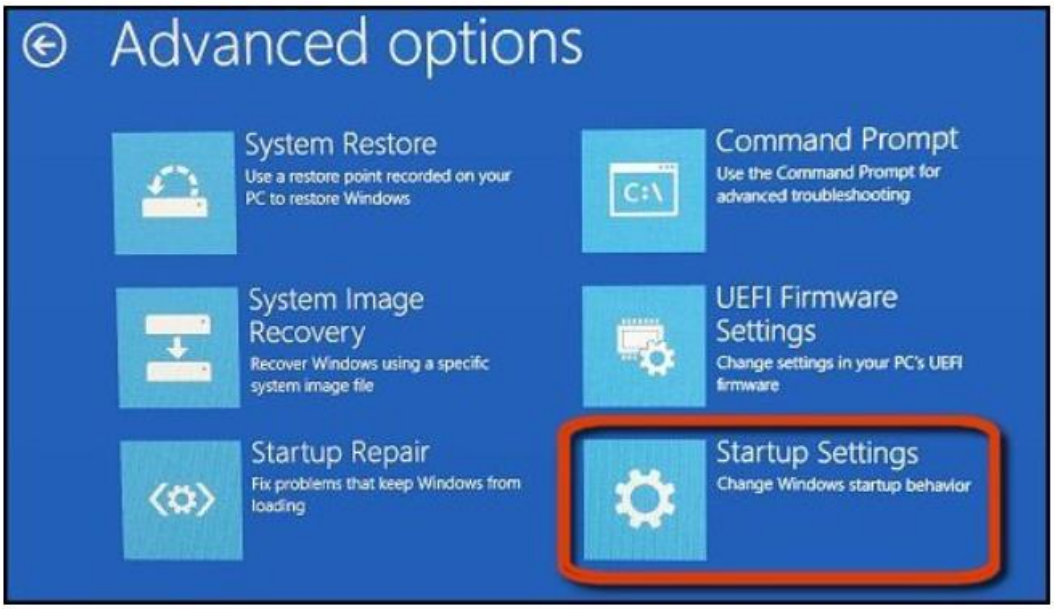


4.After restarting, choose "**Troubleshoot**".



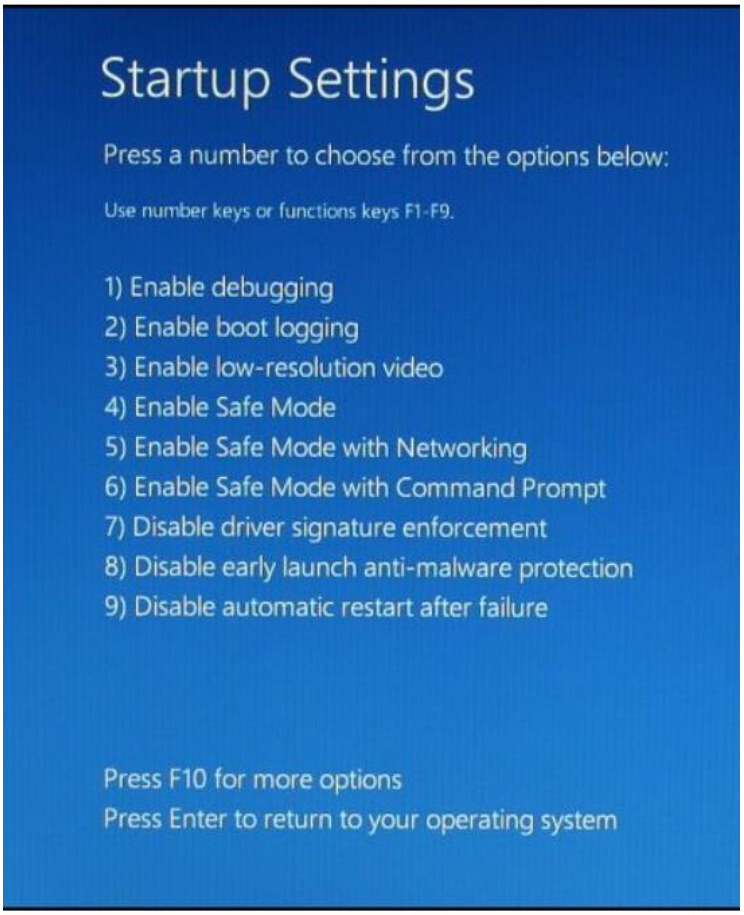
5.Choose “**Advanced options**”.

6.Choose "**Start-up Settings**".



7.Click “**Restart**”.

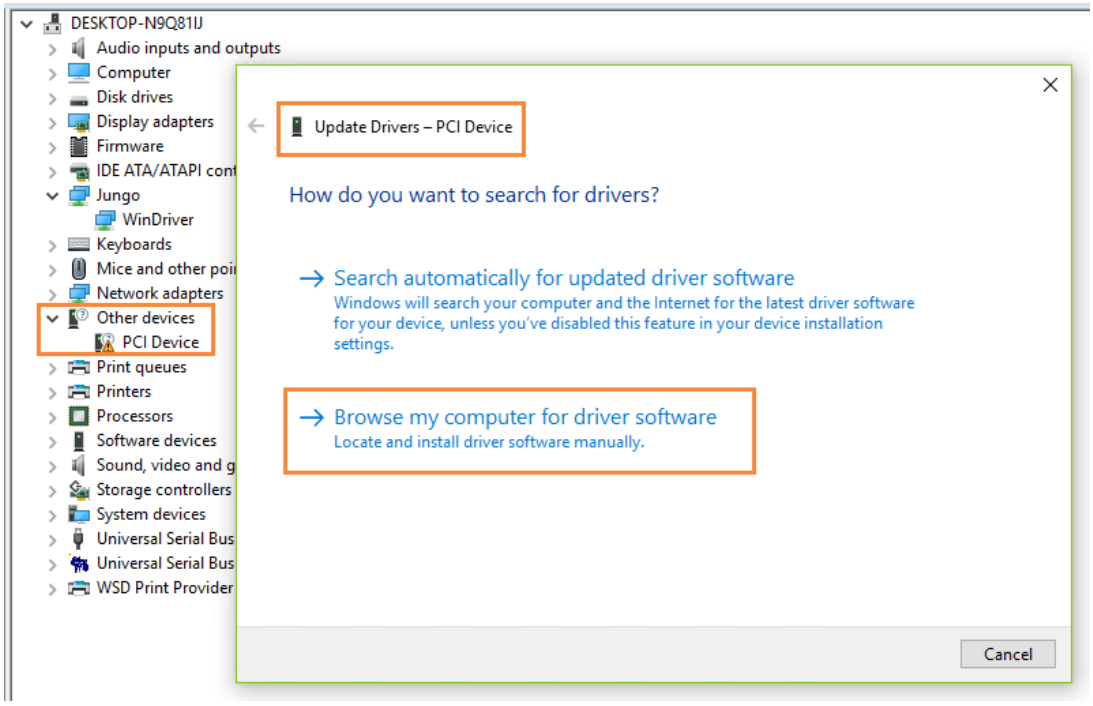
8.Enter "**F7**" to disable driver signature.



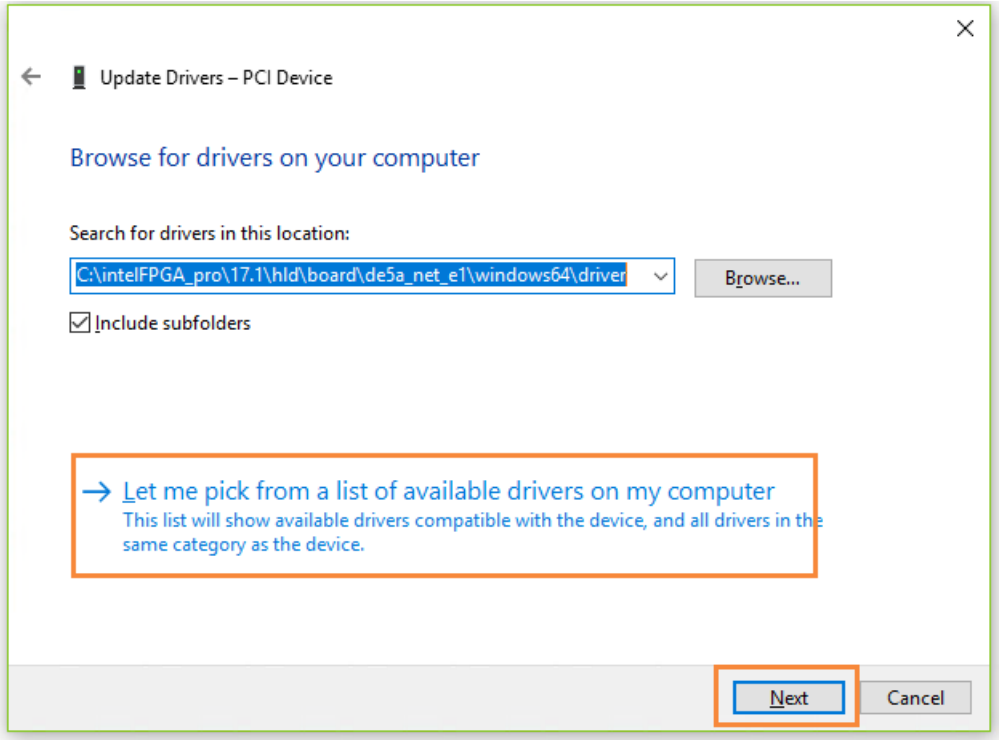
B. Install the PCI driver manually

1. After disable driver signature enforcement and restarting the system. Open the **Device Manager**, you can see a **PCI Device** with a yellow exclamation mark.

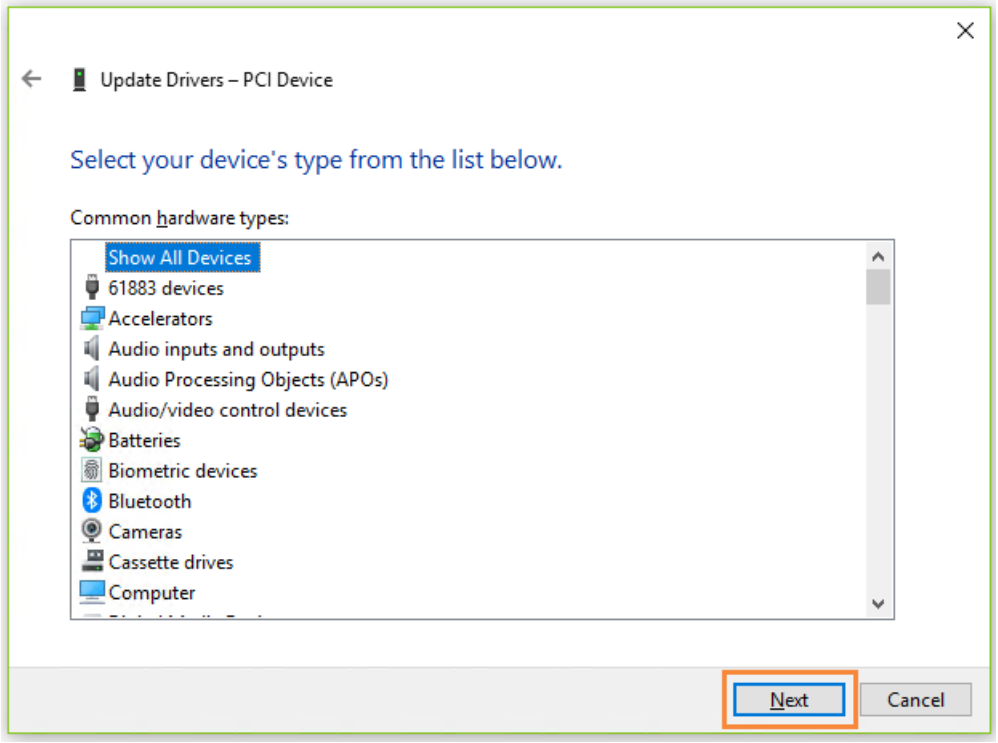
Right Click --> Update Drivers - PCI Device --> Browse my computer for driver software



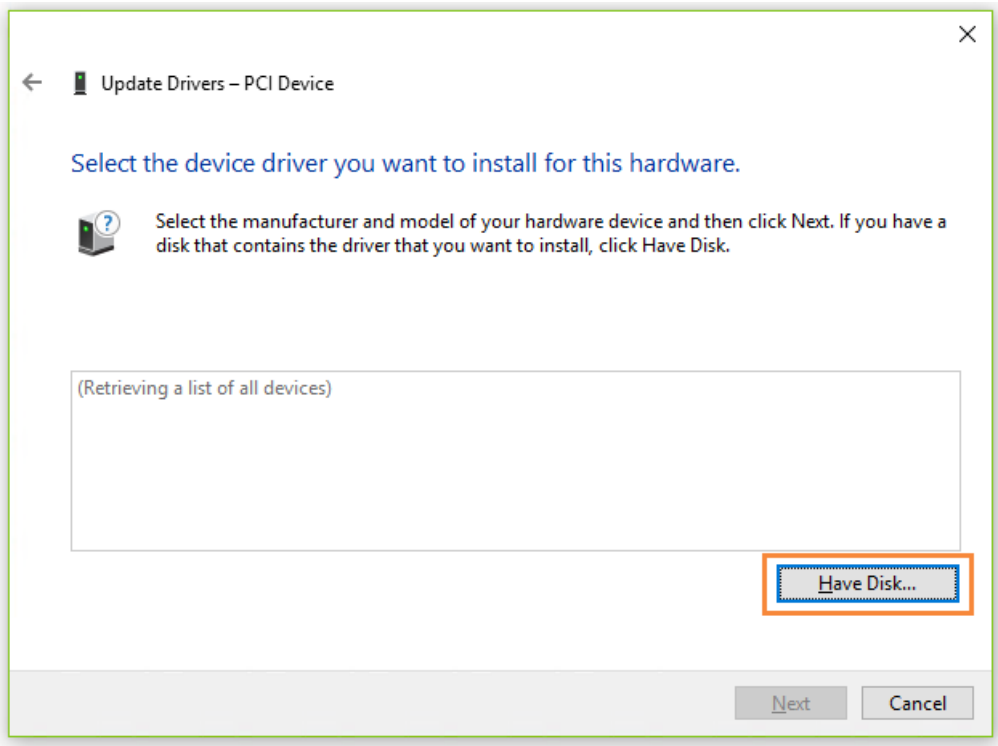
2.Choose "**Let me pick from a list of available drivers on my computer**"，Click "**Next**".



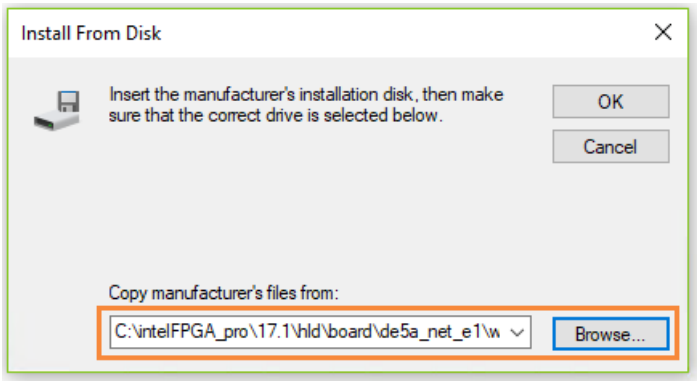
3.Continue choose “**Next**”.



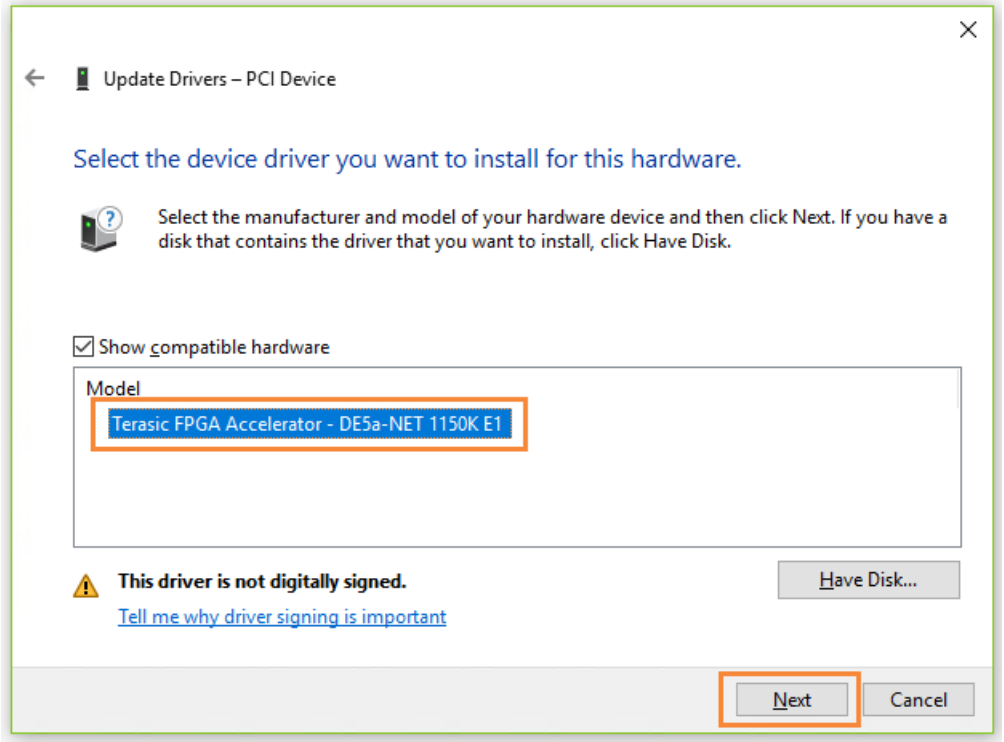
4.Choose “**Have Disk ...**”



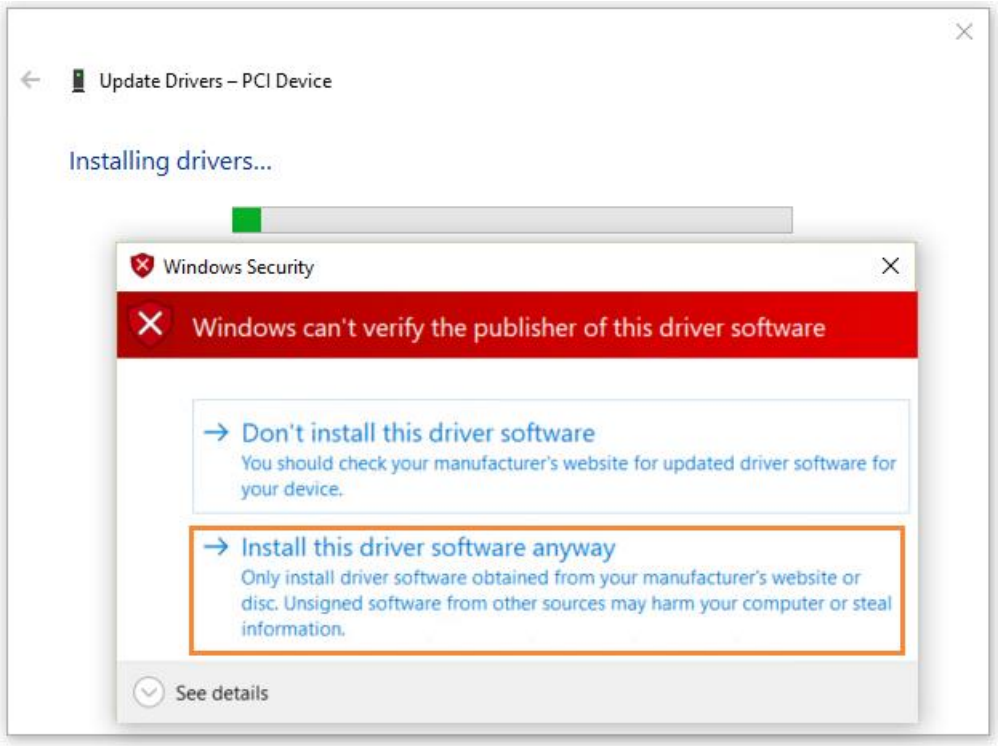
5.Click **Browse**，locate BSP to **de5a_net_e1/windows64/driver/ acl_boards_de5a_net_e1.inf**，Click “**OK**”.



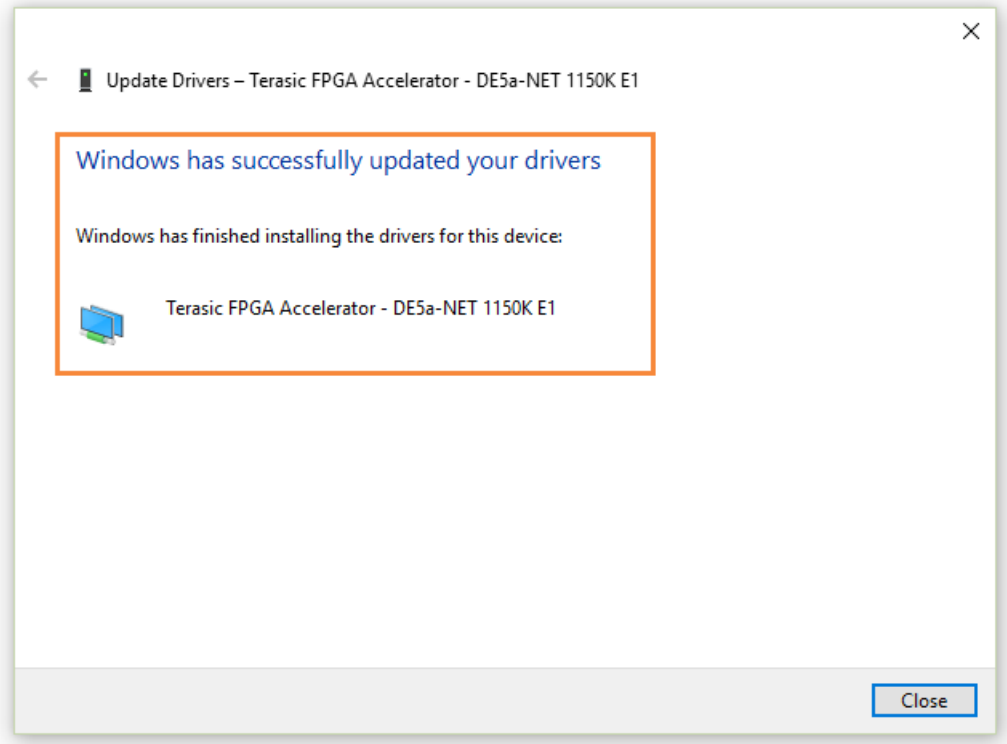
6.Select “**Terasic FPGA Accelerator-DE5a-NET 1150K E1**”, Click "**Next**" to continue the installation.



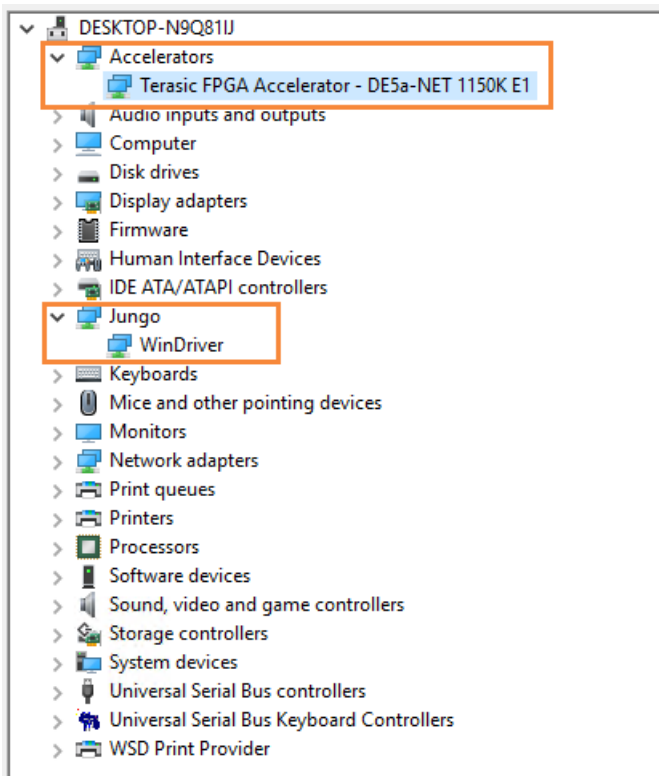
7.Select “**Install this driver software anyway**” in the pop-up “**Windows Security**” window.



8.Installation complete.



9.In the device manager, the **Jungo Windriver** and the DE5a-Net PCIE driver are both installed successfully.



Revision History

Version	*Change Log*
V1.0	**Initial Version**

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